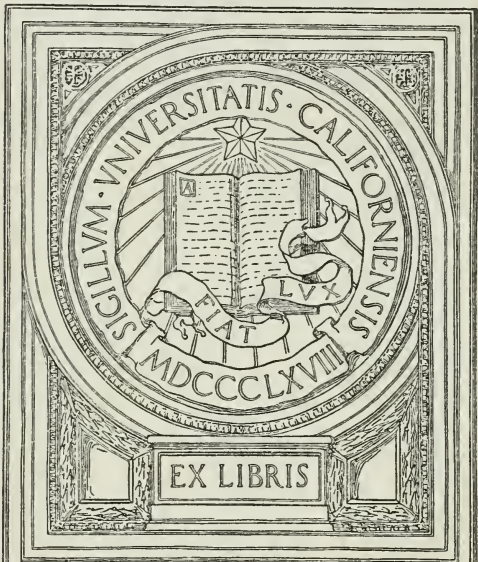


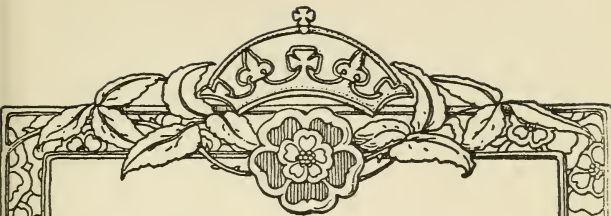


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EDITED BY

WILLIAM ALLAN NEILSON

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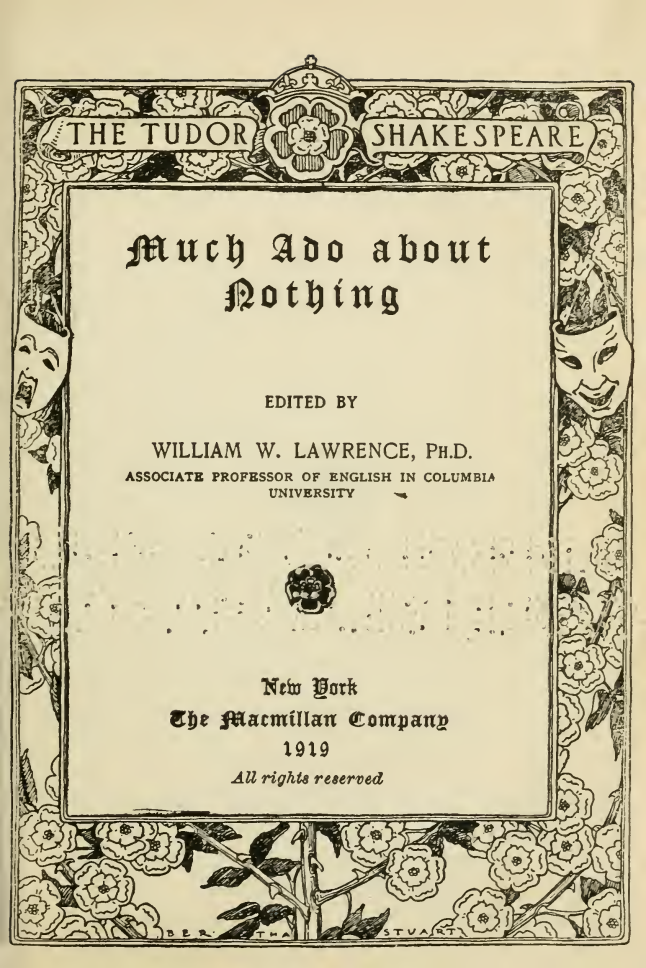
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ELLEN TERRY AS BEATRICE



THE TUDOR

SHAKESPEARE

Much Ado about
Nothing

EDITED BY

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Introduction

Text. — *Much Ado about Nothing* was published in quarto in 1600, the title-page being as follows: "*Much adoe about Nothing.* As it hath been sundrie times publikely acted by the right honorable, the Lord Chamberlaine his seruants. Written by William Shakespeare. London Printed by V. S. for Andrew Wise, and William Aspley. 1600." It is mentioned in the Stationers' Register in an entry dated August 4, along with *As You Like It*, *Henry the Fifth*, and *Every Man in his Humour*, as a play "to be staid," that is, withheld from publication. The year of this entry is uncertain, but is usually held to be 1600. On August 23, 1600, the play was entered in the Register for publication by Wise and Aspley. No other edition than this quarto is known to have been issued, up to the First Folio in 1623. The text of the Folio is based upon that of the Quarto, probably on a prompter's copy. The Folio omits some lines and parts of lines in the Quarto, but occasionally provides a better reading, and is more exact in its stage directions than the Quarto. The present text is based upon the Quarto, with some few readings from the Folio and from later editions.

Date of Composition. — The omission of *Much Ado* from the list in Francis Meres' *Palladis Tamia* (1598) is generally held to fix an earlier limit for its composition, although this argument is not absolutely conclusive, since Meres did not profess to enumerate all the plays. Some critics have identified it with the *Love's Labour's Won*

mentioned by Meres. This is, however, purely conjectural. Since the title-page of the Quarto, published in August, 1600, states that it had already been "sundrie times publikely acted," it seems likely that the play was written at least as early as 1599, in which year *Henry V*, which appears with it in the Register, was almost certainly finished. There is no contemporary allusion in the play itself which is of real significance for establishing the year of composition. Other internal evidence — language, versification, maturity of dramatic technic and characterization — accords well with the date 1599.

Source of the Plot, and Other Versions of the Story. — The closest parallel to the main plot of the comedy, the stratagem to break off the marriage of an innocent girl by making it appear that she is having illicit relations with a lover, is found in the twentieth *novella* of Bandello (1554). Bandello's story was freely adapted into French by Belleforest in his *Histoires Tragiques* (1582). There is no evidence of any English translation. How Shakespeare became acquainted with the story is uncertain; a careful examination affords no grounds for belief that he used the French version as his source. It is possible that he remodeled an earlier play, which provided him also with the basis of the Benedick-Beatrice plot. The mother of Hero, who is an important character in Bandello, but who plays no part in *Much Ado*, appears twice in the stage directions of Shakespeare's play, — once as In-nogen. It seems likely that Shakespeare may have at first intended to make use of her in his comedy, and later by oversight allowed her name to stand with the

names of the other characters. Various allusions in the earlier scenes lend support to the theory of an older play, as when Beatrice says that Benedick once before won her heart with false dice (II. i. 290). It is possible that a trace of this lost play may be seen in the *Benedicte and Betteris* mentioned in the Lord Treasurer's accounts in 1613 as a piece presented at the wedding of the Princess Elizabeth to the Elector Palatine. Some critics have supposed that this is merely another title for *Much Ado*, which was performed at the same time, but no other play was acted twice at these festivities, and it hardly seems likely that two different titles would be used in issuing warrants on the same day for the same piece. In any case, the likeness of Benedick and Beatrice to Rosaline and Biron in *Love's Labour's Lost* favors the view that Shakespeare was elaborating material which had proved successful in an earlier play of his own, and that he is responsible for the uniting of the two stories.

Bandello places the scene in Messina, at the court of King Piero of Arragon. Timbreo di Cardona, a noble gentleman of the court, loves Fenicia, the daughter of Lionato de' Lionati. Through the good offices of a friend he obtains her hand in marriage. But a certain Girondo, "one of the most magnificent and liberal gentlemen of the court," is also in love with Fenicia, and, driven to desperation by the success of his rival, persuades a young courtier to slander the lady to Timbreo. Ocular proof of her guilt is apparently given Timbreo; he sees a man enter, under cover of night, a window of Fenicia's house at which she has often been seen. On the following day

Timbreo sends the friend who arranged the marriage to tell Lionato that it must be broken off. The messenger delivers his accusation in Lionato's house, in the presence of Fenicia and her mother and sisters. Lionato believes Timbreo's real reason is disinclination to marry a girl with no greater fortune. "On the other hand, Fenicia, hearing herself thus wrongfully impeached, was sore disordered for excess of dolour and heart-sickness, and abandoning herself to despair, like a tender and delicate maid as she was and unused to the blows of perverse fortune, had tendered death dearer than life; wherefore, overtaken with grievous and poignant anguish, she let herself fall as one dead, and of a sudden losing her natural colour, resembled a marble statue rather than a live woman." The shock has apparently been fatal, and preparations are made for her burial, when she finally revives. The family decide to send her secretly to the country-house of her uncle, in order that she may later be married under another name. Her funeral is then celebrated, and her monument set up. Upon this, Gironde, seized with remorse, confesses the plot to Timbreo, offering to expiate his guilt with his life. But Timbreo forgives him, and together they ask the pardon of Lionato. Lionato, too, forgives, but asks Timbreo to let him know whenever he has a mind to marry. To this Timbreo readily assents. A little later, Fenicia, now completely restored to health, and so much increased in beauty as not to be recognizable, is introduced to Timbreo, and they are betrothed. At the wedding Lionato reveals the deception, and gives his consent to the union of Gironde and his daughter Belfiore.

A similar plot to that contrived against Hero is described in Ariosto's *Orlando Furioso* (1516, translated into English by Harington, 1591), Book V, and in Spenser's *Faerie Queene* (1590), Book II, Canto IV. It is possible that Shakespeare was indebted directly or indirectly to Ariosto for the appearance of the maid dressed in her mistress's clothes. A play called *Ariodante and Geneuora*, apparently on this general theme, was presented before the queen in 1582-1583, and George Turberville is said to have treated the story in English verse. There is probably no real connection between *Die schöne Phœnicia*, by the German dramatist Jakob Ayrer, and *Much Ado*, save that the German play is based on Belleforest's version of Bandello. The hypothesis that both are derived from an earlier English drama lacks conclusive proof. Dogberry and his fellows, who play so important a part in the resolution of the plot, are, so far as we know, the creations of Shakespeare, partly on the basis of actual observation, partly elaborated from conventional types in earlier plays. Dogberry is much like Dull in *Love's Labour's Lost*, just as Benedick and Beatrice resemble Biron and Rosaline. The feigned death of the heroine at the suggestion of the Friar recalls *Romeo and Juliet*. But so completely has Shakespeare transformed his materials by brilliancy of dialogue, vividness of character-drawing, and ingenuity of construction, that the play makes the impression of a wholly original and spontaneous creation.

Dramatic Structure and Characterization. — Since the exact source from which Shakespeare drew cannot be determined, it is impossible to indicate with certainty

the nature and extent of his elaboration of the story. But the skill with which the different trains of interest are combined and the characters of the personages delineated reveals the hand of the practised playwright. It is impossible, indeed, to discuss dramatic structure and characterization separately, so closely interdependent are they here. The main plot, which is too serious for pure comedy, is relieved by the wit-combats of Benedick and Beatrice, and the humors of Dogberry and the watch. The capture of the villains Conrade and Borachio immediately after Don John's accusation of Hero prevents a suspense which might otherwise become painful. The audience are thus assured that the interrupted bridal of Hero will really prove to be "much ado about nothing." The same title is equally appropriate to the merry war between Benedick and Beatrice. The connection between the two main groups of characters, established early in the play by the deception of Benedick and Beatrice by Don Pedro, Claudio, Hero, Ursula, and the others, is still further strengthened by the sympathy of the erstwhile quarrelsome pair in the misfortunes of Hero. The tragic element in the main plot is thus made to bring this proud and scornful pair to acknowledge to each other their mutual love, and a difficult dramatic problem is solved. The disentangling of the main action is brought about by the third group of characters, headed by Dogberry. Their rustic stupidity serves not alone as a foil to the elegance of Don Pedro and Claudio, or to the rapier-like wit of Benedick and Beatrice; it is dramatically necessary that they should not have brains enough to succeed in bringing their story to the attention of Leonato before the church scene

in which the accusation is brought against Hero. Dogberry thus plays a more important part in the plot than Dull in *Love's Labour's Lost*. There are in the main action some violations of probability: Claudio and the rest are rather too easily persuaded of Hero's guilt; and Margaret, who according to Borachio is innocent of the plot against her mistress, is kept out of the church scene, where she could have vindicated Hero, although there is no reason why she should be absent. It is significant that Shakespeare does not actually put the scene at Hero's window on the stage; it becomes more plausible if merely reported by different characters.

In *Much Ado*, as in *The Merchant of Venice*, *Twelfth Night*, and other plays, Shakespeare has made a clumsy and improbable story convincing through his power of creating real men and women. A comparison of the characters in this piece with the lay-figures of Bandello or Belleforest will illustrate this in a striking way. The interest in situation in *Much Ado* is indeed rather overshadowed by the interest of the character-drawing. The machinations of Don John and the misfortunes of Hero absorb the reader or the spectator far less than the scenes in which Benedick and Beatrice hold the stage. These scenes, though closely related to the main action, really belong, of course, in the sub-plot. By virtue of their own brilliancy, however, they deserve first consideration in any criticism of the play. Of all the characters Beatrice is perhaps the most carefully elaborated. She recalls Katherine the Shrew as well as the Rosaline of *Love's Labour's Lost*, but she really resembles neither of these

closely; she has a charm, a variety, and a quick generosity which are all her own. The warm sympathy which underlies her high spirits first manifests itself fully at the interrupted bridal in the church. The tragic passion of her "Kill Claudio" shows how little the boisterous gayety of the earlier scenes has revealed the real complexity of her nature. At this moment she rises superior to Benedick in spirit and resolution. She is much like him, however, in her denial of all the sentimentality of love, and in her quick susceptibility to genuine emotion. There is a fine irony in the fact that these two clever scoffers are caught in the simplest snares of self-deception, and that all their wit cannot resolve the plot so readily as the stupid blundering of a fool like Dogberry. When once the restraint between them has been broken down by the tragic occurrence which touches both of them so closely, and the time for mere word-combats is over, the real nobility in the character of each becomes apparent. The transformation and deepening which Benedick's nature undergoes is unusual in Shakespearian comedy, and curiously modern in treatment. His jesting humor never completely leaves him, however, — when at the end of the play he says to Beatrice, "Come, I will have thee, but by this light, I take thee for pity," we recognize the same Benedick as of old, with a new tenderness beneath his gibing. And Beatrice, for her part, is equally quick to retort that she accepts him partly to save his life, as she has heard that he is in a consumption. The chief glory of the piece, after all is said, lies in its sparkling dialogue. No single comedy of Shakespeare is in its total effect so brilliant. The dark and sinister elements in

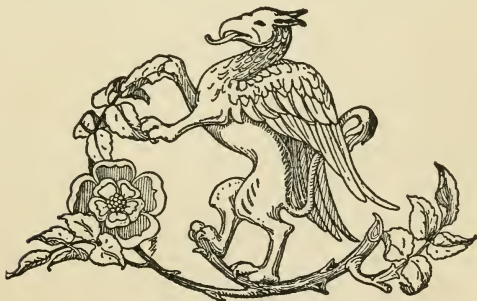
the main plot merely throw into higher relief the dazzling rapier-play of its wit, — the most perfect illustration in the Elizabethan age of high comedy in its best estate.

In comparison with Beatrice, Hero naturally seems somewhat colorless, yet she shows a keen sense of fun in the scene in which she dupes her masterful cousin. That she is finally given to the sentimental and inconstant Claudio is undoubtedly a blemish on the play. But it was necessary to the plot that Claudio should believe readily in her guilt, and upbraid her in so heartless a way that she might seem to perish of the shock, and that he should be willing to wed another girl on short notice. Shakespeare has repeatedly united his heroines to men unworthy of them, — Proteus, Bertram, Orsino, and Posthumus Leonatus. Claudio's best defense is perhaps his youth and exaggerated sensitiveness, which lead him easily into flowery rhetoric. But he must always remain an unsympathetic character, next to Don John and Borachio the least pleasant person in the play. He forms a sharp contrast to Benedick, just as the evil-minded Don John is a foil to the genial Don Pedro. The villain who is responsible for the clouds of this cheerful comedy is kept off the stage as much as possible, but he looms up darkly for a moment, a figure whose malignity is unrelieved by any virtue, and is motivated mainly by the bitterness of his bastardy. If Don Pedro and Leonato are not so vividly outlined as the more important characters, they are nevertheless real persons, not merely representatives of their respective types. Borachio, "the drunkard," is a very Italian rascal, contrasting strangely

with Dogberry, Verges, and the watch, who are English through and through. Dogberry's wish has been gratified; he has indeed been "written down an ass" for all time, the perfect embodiment of stupidity, pomposity, and conceit. The fun that he makes through misuse of his mother-tongue was not a new diversion, even in Shakespeare's day, but, like Mrs. Malaprop's "nice derangement of epithets" two centuries later, it keeps its freshness through the passing of years. As a supreme example of laborious conversational turgidity, it gives, by contrast, the finishing touch to this comedy of brilliant dialogue.

Stage History. — Various allusions in contemporary literature attest the popularity of *Much Ado* in the earlier part of the seventeenth century. The low-comedy scenes appear to have been especially liked. The part of Dogberry was apparently acted by the celebrated comedian William Kempe, and that of Verges by Richard Cowley, since the names of these actors stand in place of the characters in the assignment of speeches in Act IV, Scene ii. *Much Ado* was popular with the court as well as on the common stages, apparently; it was, as has already been noted, one of the pieces selected for presentation at the wedding of the Princess Elizabeth to the Elector Palatine in 1613. After the reopening of the theaters at the Restoration, Benedick and Beatrice were introduced into a tragi-comedy by Davenant called *The Law Against Lovers*, largely based upon *Measure for Measure*. Pepys, who saw this strange medley in February, 1661-1662, records his opinion that "it was a good play and well performed." *Much Ado* was revived at Lincoln's Inn Fields in 1721,

and some sixteen years later again acted under the title of *The Universal Passion*, in a version by the Reverend James Miller, who introduced extensive borrowings from Molière's *Princesse d'Elide*. With Garrick's assumption of the part of Benedick the play gained greater popularity. Mrs. Pritchard is said to have been an admirable Beatrice. In later days, the interpretation of this character by Helen Faucit (Lady Martin), and the production of the comedy by Henry Irving, with Ellen Terry as Beatrice, have done much to secure its position as an acting play.



Much Ado about Nothing

[DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

-DON PEDRO, prince of Arragon.

-DON JOHN, his bastard brother.

-CLAUDIO, a young lord of Florence.

-BENEDICK, a young lord of Padua.

-LEONATO, governor of Messina.

-ANTONIO, his brother.

-BALTHASAR, esquire to Don Pedro.

-CONRADE, }
-BORACHIO, } followers of Don John.

FRIAR FRANCIS.

-DOGBERRY, a constable.

-VERGES, a headborough.

A Sexton.

A Boy.

HERO, daughter to Leonato.

BEATRICE, niece to Leonato.

MARGARET, }
URSULA, } gentlewomen attending on Hero.

Messengers, Watch, Attendants, etc.

SCENE: *Messina.*]

Much Ado about Nothing



ACT FIRST

SCENE I

[*Before Leonato's house.*]

Enter Leonato, Hero, and Beatrice, with a Messenger.

Leon. I learn in this letter that Don Pedro of Aragon comes this night to Messina.

Mess. He is very near by this. He was not three leagues off when I left him.

Leon. How many gentlemen have you lost in this action? 5

Mess. But few of any sort, and none of name.

Leon. A victory is twice itself when the achiever brings home full numbers. I find here that Don Pedro hath bestowed much honour on a young Florentine called Claudio. 10

Mess. Much deserv'd on his part and equally rememb'ed by Don Pedro. He hath borne himself beyond the promise of his age, doing, in the figure of a lamb, the feats of a lion. He hath indeed better bett'ed expectation than you must expect of me to tell you how. 15

Leon. He hath an uncle here in Messina will be very much glad of it.

Mess. I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even so much that joy could not show itself modest enough without a badge of bitterness. 20

Leon. Did he break out into tears?

Mess. In great measure. 25

Leon. A kind overflow of kindness. There are no faces truer than those that are so wash'd. How much better is it to weep at joy than to joy at weeping!

Beat. I pray you, is Signior Mountanto return'd from the wars or no? 30

Mess. I know none of that name, lady. There was none such in the army of any sort.

Leon. What is he that you ask for, niece?

Hero. My cousin means Signior Benedick of Padua. 35

Mess. O, he's return'd; and as pleasant as ever he was.

Beat. He set up his bills here in Messina and

challeng'd Cupid at the flight; and my uncle's fool, reading the challenge, subscrib'd for Cupid, and challeng'd him at the bird-bolt. I pray you, how many hath he kill'd and eaten in these wars? But how many hath he kill'd? for indeed I promised to eat all of his killing. 40 45

Leon. Faith, niece, you tax Signior Benedick too much; but he'll be meet with you, I doubt it not.

Mess. He hath done good service, lady, in these wars.

Beat. You had musty victual, and he hath help to eat it. He is a very valiant trencher-man; he hath an excellent stomach. 50

Mess. And a good soldier too, lady.

Beat. And a good soldier to a lady. But what is he to a lord? 55

Mess. A lord to a lord, a man to a man; stuff'd with all honourable virtues.

Beat. It is so, indeed; he is no less than a stuff'd man. But for the stuffing, — well, we are all mortal. 60

Leon. You must not, sir, mistake my niece. There is a kind of merry war betwixt Signior Benedick and her. They never meet but there's a skirmish of wit between them.

Beat. Alas! he gets nothing by that. In our last conflict four of his five wits went halting off, and now is the whole man govern'd with one; 65

so that if he have wit enough to keep himself warm, let him bear it for a difference between himself and his horse; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reasonable creature. Who is his companion now? He hath every month a new sworn brother. 70

Mess. Is't possible?

Beat. Very easily possible. He wears his faith but as the fashion of his hat; it ever changes with the next block. 75

Mess. I see, lady, the gentleman is not in your books.

Beat. No; an he were, I would burn my study. But, I pray you, who is his companion? Is there no young squarer now that will make a voyage with him to the devil? 80

Mess. He is most in the company of the right noble Claudio. 85

Beat. O Lord, he will hang upon him like a disease. He is sooner caught than the pestilence, and the taker runs presently mad. God help the noble Claudio! If he have caught the Benedick, it will cost him a thousand pounds ere 'a be cur'd. 90

Mess. I will hold friends with you, lady.

Beat. Do, good friend.

Leon. You will never run mad, niece.

Beat. No, not till a hot January.

Mess. Don Pedro is approach'd. 95

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthasar, and John the Bastard.

D. Pedro. Good Signior Leonato, are you come to meet your trouble? The fashion of the world is to avoid cost, and you encounter it.

Leon. Never came trouble to my house in the likeness of your Grace, for trouble being gone, comfort should remain; but when you depart from me, sorrow abides and happiness takes his leave. 100

D. Pedro. You embrace your charge too willingly. I think this is your daughter.

Leon. Her mother hath many times told me so. 105

Bene. Were you in doubt, sir, that you ask'd her?

Leon. Signior Benedick, no; for then were you a child.

D. Pedro. You have it full, Benedick. We may guess by this what you are, being a man. Truly, the lady fathers herself. Be happy, lady; for you are like an honourable father. 110

Bene. If Signior Leonato be her father, she would not have his head on her shoulders for all Messina, as like him as she is. 115

Beat. I wonder that you will still be talking, Signior Benedick. Nobody marks you.

Bene. What, my dear Lady Disdain! are you yet living? 120

Beat. Is it possible disdain should die while she hath such meet food to feed it as Signior Benedick? Courtesy itself must convert to disdain, if you come in her presence.

Bene. Then is courtesy a turncoat. But it is certain I am loved of all ladies, only you excepted; and I would I could find in my heart that I had not a hard heart, for, truly, I love none. 125

Beat. A dear happiness to women; they would else have been troubled with a pernicious suitor. I thank God and my cold blood, I am of your humour for that. I had rather hear my dog bark at a crow than a man swear he loves me. 130

Bene. God keep your ladyship still in that mind! So some gentleman or other shall scape a predestinate scratch'd face. 135

Beat. Scratching could not make it worse, an 'twere such a face as yours were.

Bene. Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher.

Beat. A bird of my tongue is better than a beast of yours. 140

Bene. I would my horse had the speed of your tongue, and so good a continuer. But keep your way, i' God's name; I have done.

Beat. You always end with a jade's trick; I know you of old. 145

D. Pedro. That is the sum of all, Leonato. Signior Claudio and Signior Benedick, my dear friend

Leonato hath invited you all. I tell him we shall stay here at the least a month; and he heartily prays some occasion may detain us longer. I dare swear he is no hypocrite, but prays from his heart. 150

Leon. If you swear, my lord, you shall not be forsworn. [*To Don John.*] Let me bid you welcome, my lord. Being reconciled to the Prince your brother, I owe you all duty. 155

D. John. I thank you. I am not of many words, but I thank you.

Leon. Please it your Grace lead on? 160

D. Pedro. Your hand, Leonato; we will go together.

Exeunt all except Benedick and Claudio.

Claud. Benedick, didst thou note the daughter of Signior Leonato?

Bene. I noted her not; but I look'd on her. 165

Claud. Is she not a modest young lady?

Bene. Do you question me, as an honest man should do, for my simple true judgement; or would you have me speak after my custom, as being a professed tyrant to their sex? 170

Claud. No; I pray thee speak in sober judgement.

Bene. Why, i' faith, methinks she's too low for a high praise, too brown for a fair praise and too little for a great praise; only this com- 175

mentation I can afford her, that were she other than she is, she were unhandsome ; and being no other but as she is, I do not like her.

Claud. Thou thinkest I am in sport. I pray thee tell me truly how thou lik'st her. 180

Bene. Would you buy her, that you inquire after her ?

Claud. Can the world buy such a jewel ?

Bene. Yea, and a case to put it into. But speak you this with a sad brow, or do you play the flouting Jack, to tell us Cupid is a good hare-finder and Vulcan a rare carpenter ? Come, in what key shall a man take you, to go in the song ? 185

Claud. In mine eye she is the sweetest lady that ever I look'd on. 190

Bene. I can see yet without spectacles and I see no such matter. There's her cousin, an she were not possess'd with a fury, exceeds her as much in beauty as the first of May doth the last of December. But I hope you have no intent to turn husband, have you ? 195

Claud. I would scarce trust myself, though I had sworn the contrary, if Hero would be my wife.

Bene. Is't come to this ? In faith, hath not the world one man but he will wear his cap with suspicion ? Shall I never see a bachelor of threescore again ? Go to, i' faith, an thou wilt needs thrust thy neck into a yoke, wear 200

the print of it, and sigh away Sundays. Look !
Don Pedro is returned to seek you. 205

Re-enter Don Pedro.

D. Pedro. What secret hath held you here, that
you followed not to Leonato's ?

Bene. I would your Grace would constrain me to
tell.

D. Pedro. I charge thee on thy allegiance. 210

Bene. You hear, Count Claudio. I can be secret
as a dumb man ; I would have you think so ;
but, on my allegiance, mark you this, on my al-
legiance. He is in love. With who ? Now that
is your Grace's part. Mark how short his an- 215
swer is :—With Hero, Leonato's short daughter.

Claud. If this were so, so were it utt' red.

Bene. Like the old tale, my lord : “It is not so,
nor 'twas not so, but, indeed, God forbid it
should be so.” 220

Claud. If my passion change not shortly, God
forbid it should be otherwise.

D. Pedro. Amen, if you love her ; for the lady
is very well worthy.

Claud. You speak this to fetch me in, my lord. 225

D. Pedro. By my troth, I speak my thought.

Claud. And, in faith, my lord, I spoke mine.

Bene. And, by my two faiths and troths, my
lord, I spoke mine.

Claud. That I love her, I feel. 230

D. Pedro. That she is worthy, I know.

Bene. That I neither feel how she should be loved nor know how she should be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me. I will die in it at the stake. 235

D. Pedro. Thou wast ever an obstinate heretic in the despite of beauty.

Claud. And never could maintain his part but in the force of his will.

Bene. That a woman conceived me, I thank her ; 240
that she brought me up, I likewise give her most humble thanks ; but that I will have a recheat winded in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an invisible baldrick, all women shall pardon me. Because I will not do them the wrong to mistrust any, I will do myself the right to trust none ; and the fine is, for the which I may go the finer, I will live a bachelor. 245

D. Pedro. I shall see thee, ere I die, look pale with love. 250

Bene. With anger, with sickness, or with hunger, my lord, not with love. Prove that ever I lose more blood with love than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a ballad-maker's pen and hang me up at the door 255
of a brothel-house for the sign of blind Cupid.

D. Pedro. Well, if ever thou dost fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

Bene. If I do, hang me in a bottle like a cat and shoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapp'd on the shoulder, and called Adam. 260

D. Pedro. Well, as time shall try.

“In time the savage bull doth bear the yoke.”

Bene. The savage bull may; but if ever the sensible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull's horns and set them in my forehead; and let me be vilely painted, and in such great letters as they write “Here is good horse to hire,” let them signify under my sign, “Here you may see Benedick the married man.” 265 270

Claud. If this should ever happen, thou wouldst be horn-mad.

D. Pedro. Nay, if Cupid have not spent all his quiver in Venice, thou wilt quake for this shortly.

Bene. I look for an earthquake too, then. 275

D. Pedro. Well, you will temporize with the hours.

In the meantime, good Signior Benedick, repair to Leonato's; commend me to him, and tell him I will not fail him at supper; for indeed he hath made great preparation. 280

Bene. I have almost matter enough in me for such an embassage; and so I commit you —

Claud. To the tuition of God. From my house, if I had it, —

D. Pedro. The sixth of July. Your loving friend, 285
Benedick.

Bene. Nay, mock not, mock not. The body of your discourse is sometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but slightly basted on neither. Ere you flout old ends any further, 290 examine your conscience; and so I leave you. *Exit.*

Claud. My liege, your Highness now may do me good.

D. Pedro. My love is thine to teach; teach it but how,

And thou shalt see how apt it is to learn
Any hard lesson that may do thee good. 295

Claud. Hath Leonato any son, my lord?

D. Pedro. No child but Hero; she's his only heir.
Dost thou affect her, Claudio?

Claud. O, my lord,
When you went onward on this ended action,
I look'd upon her with a soldier's eye, 300
That lik'd, but had a rougher task in hand
Than to drive liking to the name of love.
But now I am return'd and that war-thoughts
Have left their places vacant, in their rooms
Come thronging soft and delicate desires, 305
All prompting me how fair young Hero is,
Saying, I lik'd her ere I went to wars.

D. Pedro. Thou wilt be like a lover presently
And tire the hearer with a book of words.
If thou dost love fair Hero, cherish it, 310
And I will break with her and with her father

And thou shalt have her. Was't not to this end
That thou began'st to twist so fine a story?

Claud. How sweetly you do minister to love,
That know love's grief by his complexion! 315
But lest my liking might too sudden seem,
I would have salv'd it with a longer treatise.

D. Pedro. What need the bridge much broader than
the flood?

The fairest grant is the necessity.

Look, what will serve is fit: 'tis once, thou lovest,
And I will fit thee with the remedy. 321

I know we shall have revelling to-night.

I will assume thy part in some disguise

And tell fair Hero I am Claudio,

And in her bosom I'll unclasp my heart 325

And take her hearing prisoner with the force

And strong encounter of my amorous tale;

Then after to her father will I break;

And the conclusion is, she shall be thine. 329

In practice let us put it presently. *Exeunt.*

SCENE II

[*A room in Leonato's house.*]

Enter Leonato and Antonio, meeting.

Leon. How now, brother! Where is my cousin,
your son? Hath he provided this music?

Ant. He is very busy about it. But, brother, I can tell you strange news that you yet dreamt not of. 5

Leon. Are they good?

Ant. As the event stamps them; but they have a good cover, they show well outward. The Prince and Count Claudio, walking in a thick-pleached alley in mine orchard, were thus much overheard by a man of mine. The Prince discovered to Claudio that he loved my niece your daughter and meant to acknowledge it this night in a dance; and if he found her accordant, he meant to take the present time by the top and instantly break with you of it. 10 15

Leon. Hath the fellow any wit that told you this?

Ant. A good sharp fellow. I will send for him; and question him yourself. 20

Leon. No, no; we will hold it as a dream till it appear itself; but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that she may be the better prepared for an answer, if peradventure this be true. Go you and tell her of it. [*Several persons cross the stage.*] Cousins, you know what you have to do. O, I cry you mercy, friend; go you with me, and I will use your skill. Good cousin, have a care this busy time. 25 *Exeunt.*

SCENE III

[*The same.*]*Enter John the Bastard and Conrade.*

Con. What the good-year, my lord! Why are you thus out of measure sad?

D. John. There is no measure in the occasion that breeds; therefore the sadness is without limit. 5

Con. You should hear reason.

D. John. And when I have heard it, what blessing brings it?

Con. If not a present remedy, at least a patient sufferance. 10

D. John. I wonder that thou, being, as thou say'st thou art, born under Saturn, goest about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief. I cannot hide what I am. I must be sad when I have cause, and smile at no man's jests; eat when I have stomach, and wait for no man's leisure; sleep when I am drowsy, and tend on no man's business; laugh when I am merry, and claw no man in his humour. 15

Con. Yea, but you must not make the full show of this till you may do it without controlment. You have of late stood out against your brother, and he hath ta'en you newly into his 20

grace ; where it is impossible you should take true root but by the fair weather that you make yourself. It is needful that you frame the season for your own harvest. 25

D. John. I had rather be a canker in a hedge than a rose in his grace, and it better fits my blood to be disdain'd of all than to fashion a carriage to rob love from any. In this, though I cannot be said to be a flattering honest man, it must not be denied but I am a plain-dealing villain. I am trusted with a muzzle and enfranchis'd with a clog ; therefore I have decreed not to sing in my cage. If I had my mouth, I would bite ; if I had my liberty, I would do my liking. In the meantime let me be that I am and seek not to alter me. 35

Con. Can you make no use of your discontent ? 40

D. John. I make all use of it, for I use it only. Who comes here ?

Enter Borachio.

What news, Borachio ?

Bora. I came yonder from a great supper. The Prince your brother is royally entertained by Leonato ; and I can give you intelligence of an intended marriage. 45

D. John. Will it serve for any model to build mis-

chief on? What is he for a fool that betroths
himself to unquietness? 50

Bora. Marry, it is your brother's right hand.

D. John. Who? The most exquisite Claudio?

Bora. Even he.

D. John. A proper squire! And who, and who?
Which way looks he? 55

Bora. Marry, one Hero, the daughter and heir of
Leonato.

D. John. A very forward March-chick! How
came you to this?

Bora. Being entertain'd for a perfumer, as I was 60
smoking a musty room, comes me the Prince
and Claudio, hand in hand, in sad conference.
I whipt me behind the arras, and there heard
it agreed upon that the Prince should woo Hero
for himself, and having obtain'd her, give 65
her to Count Claudio.

D. John. Come, come, let us thither; this may
prove food to my displeasure. That young
start-up hath all the glory of my overthrow. If
I can cross him any way, I bless myself every 70
way. You are both sure, and will assist me?

Con. To the death, my lord.

D. John. Let us to the great supper; their cheer
is the greater that I am subdued. Would the
cook were o' my mind! Shall we go prove 75
what's to be done?

Bora. We'll wait upon your lordship.

Exeunt.

ACT SECOND

SCENE I

[*A hall in Leonato's house.*]

Enter Leonato, Antonio, Hero, Beatrice, and a kinsman.

Leon. Was not Count John here at supper?

Ant. I saw him not.

Beat. How tartly that gentleman looks! I never
can see him but I am heart-burn'd an hour
after.

5

Hero. He is of a very melancholy disposition.

Beat. He were an excellent man that were made
just in the midway between him and Bene-
dick. The one is too like an image and says
nothing, and the other too like my lady's eldest
son, evermore tattling.

10

Leon. Then half Signior Benedick's tongue in
Count John's mouth, and half Count John's
melancholy in Signior Benedick's face, —

Beat. With a good leg and a good foot, uncle,
and money enough in his purse, such a man
would win any woman in the world, if 'a could
get her good-will.

15

Leon. By my troth, niece, thou wilt never get
thee a husband, if thou be so shrewd of thy
tongue.

20

Ant. In faith, she's too curst.

Beat. Too curst is more than curst. I shall lessen God's sending that way; for it is said, "God sends a curst cow short horns;" but to a cow too curst he sends none. 25

Leon. So, by being too curst, God will send you no horns.

Beat. Just, if he send me no husband; for the which blessing I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening. Lord, I could not endure a husband with a beard on his face! I had rather lie in the woollen. 30

Leon. You may light on a husband that hath no beard. 35

Beat. What should I do with him? Dress him in my apparel and make him my waiting-gentlewoman? He that hath a beard is more than a youth, and he that hath no beard is less than a man; and he that is more than a youth is not for me, and he that is less than a man, I am not for him; therefore I will even take sixpence in earnest of the bear-'ard, and lead his apes into hell. 40

Leon. Well, then, go you into hell?

Beat. No, but to the gate; and there will the devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with horns on his head, and say, "Get you to heaven, Beatrice, get you to heaven; here's no place for 45

you maids:" so deliver I up my apes, and
away to Saint Peter for the heavens. He 50
shows me where the bachelors sit, and there
live we as merry as the day is long.

Ant. [*To Hero.*] Well, niece, I trust you will be
rul'd by your father.

Beat. Yes, faith; it is my cousin's duty to make 55
curtsy and say, "Father, as it please you."
But yet for all that, cousin, let him be a hand-
some fellow, or else make another curtsy and
say, "Father, as it please me."

Leon. Well, niece, I hope to see you one day 60
fitted with a husband.

Beat. Not till God make men of some other metal
than earth. Would it not grieve a woman
to be overmaster'd with a piece of valiant
dust? to make an account of her life to a 65
clod of wayward marl? No, uncle, I'll none.
Adam's sons are my brethren; and, truly, I
hold it a sin to match in my kindred.

Leon. Daughter, remember what I told you. If
the Prince do solicit you in that kind, you 70
know your answer.

Beat. The fault will be in the music, cousin, if you
be not woo'd in good time. If the Prince be
too important, tell him there is measure in
every thing and so dance out the answer. For, 75
hear me, Hero: wooing, wedding, and repent-

ing, is as a Scotch jig, a measure, and a cinque pace ; the first suit is hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantastical ; the wedding, mannerly-modest, as a measure, full of state 80
and ancientry ; and then comes repentance
and, with his bad legs, falls into the cinque pace
faster and faster, till he sink into his grave.

Leon. Cousin, you apprehend passing shrewdly.

Beat. I have a good eye, uncle ; I can see a church 85
by daylight.

Leon. The revellers are entering, brother ; make
good room. [*All put on their masks.*]

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthasar, Don
John [Borachio, Margaret, Ursula, and others,
masked], with a drum.*

D. Pedro. Lady, will you walk about with your
friend ? 90

Hero. So you walk softly and look sweetly and
say nothing, I am yours for the walk ; and
especially when I walk away.

D. Pedro. With me in your company ?

Hero. I may say so when I please. 95

D. Pedro. And when please you to say so ?

Hero. When I like your favour ; for God defend
the lute should be like the case !

D. Pedro. My visor is Philemon's roof ; within the
house is Jove. 100

Hero. Why, then, your visor should be thatch'd.

D. Pedro. Speak low, if you speak love.

[*Drawing her aside.*]

Balth. Well, I would you did like me.

Marg. So would not I, for your own sake; for
I have many ill qualities. 105

Balth. Which is one?

Marg. I say my prayers aloud. - *Marg.*

Balth. I love you the better; the hearers may
cry, Amen. 110

Marg. God match me with a good dancer!

Balth. Amen.

Marg. And God keep him out of my sight when
the dance is done! Answer, clerk.

Balth. No more words; the clerk is answered. 115

Urs. I know you well enough; you are Signior
Antonio.

Ant. At a word, I am not. *Ant. Urs.*

Urs. I know you by the wagging of your
head. 120

Ant. To tell you true, I counterfeit him.

Urs. You could never do him so ill-well, unless
you were the very man. Here's his dry hand
up and down. You are he, you are he.

Ant. At a word, I am not. 125

Urs. Come, come, do you think I do not know
you by your excellent wit? Can virtue hide
itself? Go to, mum, you are he. Graces will
appear, and there's an end.

Beat. Will you not tell me who told you so? 130

Bene. No, you shall pardon me.

Beat. Nor will you not tell me who you are?

Bene. Not now.

Beat. That I was disdainful, and that I had my
good wit out of the "Hundred Merry Tales": 135
— well, this was Signior Benedick that said so.

Bene. What's he?

Beat. I am sure you know him well enough.

Bene. Not I, believe me.

Beat. Did he never make you laugh? 140

Bene. I pray you, what is he?

Beat. Why, he is the Prince's jester, a very dull
fool; only his gift is in devising impossible
slanders. None but libertines delight in him,
and the commendation is not in his wit but in 145
his villainy; for he both pleases men and
angers them, and then they laugh at him and
beat him. I am sure he is in the fleet; I
would he had boarded me.

Bene. When I know the gentleman, I'll tell him 150
what you say.

Beat. Do, do: he'll but break a comparison or
two on me; which, peradventure not mark'd
or not laugh'd at, strikes him into melancholy;
and then there's a partridge wing saved, for 155
the fool will eat no supper that night.

[*Music.*] We must follow the leaders.

Bene. In every good thing.

Beat. Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning. 160

Dance. [Then] *exeunt* [all except Don John, Borachio, and Claudio].

D. John. Sure my brother is amorous on Hero and hath withdrawn her father to break with him about it. The ladies follow her and but one visor remains.

Bora. And that is Claudio. I know him by his bearing. 165

D. John. Are not you Signior Benedick?

Claud. You know me well; I am he.

D. John. Signior, you are very near my brother in his love. He is enamour'd on Hero. I 170
pray you, dissuade him from her; she is no equal for his birth. You may do the part of an honest man in it.

Claud. How know you he loves her?

D. John. I heard him swear his affection. 175

Bora. So did I too; and he swore he would marry her to-night.

D. John. Come, let us to the banquet.

Exeunt Don John and Borachio.

Claud. Thus answer I in name of Benedick,
But hear these ill news with the ears of Claudio.
'Tis certain so; the Prince wooes for himself. 181
Friendship is constant in all other things

Save in the office and affairs of love ;
 Therefore all hearts in love use their own tongues.
 Let every eye negotiate for itself 185
 And trust no agent ; for beauty is a witch
 Against whose charms faith melteth into blood.
 This is an accident of hourly proof,
 Which I mistrusted not. Farewell, therefore,
 Hero !

Re-enter Benedick.

Bene. Count Claudio ? 190

Claud. Yea, the same.

Bene. Come, will you go with me ?

Claud. Whither ?

Bene. Even to the next willow, about your own
 business, county. What fashion will you 195
 wear the garland of ? About your neck, like
 an usurer's chain, or under your arm, like a
 lieutenant's scarf ? You must wear it one
 way, for the Prince hath got your Hero.

Claud. I wish him joy of her. 200

Bene. Why, that's spoken like an honest drovier ;
 so they sell bullocks. But did you think the
 Prince would have served you thus ?

Claud. I pray you, leave me.

Bene. Ho ! now you strike like the blind man. 205
 'Twas the boy that stole your meat, and you'll
 beat the post.

Claud. If it will not be, I'll leave you. *Exit.*

Bene. Alas, poor hurt fowl! now will he creep into sedges. But that my Lady Beatrice should know me, and not know me! The Prince's fool! Ha? It may be I go under that title because I am merry. Yea, but so I am apt to do myself wrong. I am not so reputed. It is the base, though bitter, disposition of Beatrice that puts the world into her person, and so gives me out. Well, I'll be revenged as I may.

Re-enter Don Pedro.

D. Pedro. Now, signior, where's the count? Did you see him?

Bene. Troth, my lord, I have played the part of Lady Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in a warren. I told him, and I think I told him true, that your Grace had got the good will of this young lady; and I offer'd him my company to a willow-tree, either to make him a garland, as being forsaken, or to bind him up a rod, as being worthy to be whipp'd.

D. Pedro. To be whipp'd! What's his fault?

Bene. The flat transgression of a school-boy, who, being overjoyed with finding a birds' nest, shows it his companion, and he steals it.

D. Pedro. Wilt thou make a trust a transgression? The transgression is in the stealer.

Bene. Yet it had not been amiss the rod had been made, and the garland too; for the garland he might have worn himself, and the rod he might have bestowed on you, who, as I take it, have stolen his birds' nest. 235

D. Pedro. I will but teach them to sing, and restore them to the owner. 240

Bene. If their singing answer your saying, by my faith, you say honestly.

D. Pedro. The Lady Beatrice hath a quarrel to you. The gentleman that danc'd with her told her she is much wrong'd by you. 245

Bene. O, she misus'd me past the endurance of a block! An oak but with one green leaf on it would have answered her. My very visor began to assume life and scold with her. She told me, not thinking I had been myself, that I was the Prince's jester, that I was duller than a great thaw; huddling jest upon jest with such impossible conveyance upon me that I stood like a man at a mark, with a whole army shooting at me. She speaks poniards, and every word stabs. If her breath were as terrible as her terminations, there were no living near her; she would infect to the north star. I would not marry her, though she were endowed with all that Adam had left him before he transgress'd. She would have made 250 255 260

Hercules have turn'd spit, yea, and have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk not of her; you shall find her the infernal Ate in good apparel. I would to God some scholar would conjure her; for certainly while she is here, a man may live as quiet in hell as in a sanctuary; and people sin upon purpose, because they would go thither; so, indeed, all disquiet, horror, and perturbation follows her. 265

Enter Claudio, Beatrice, Hero, and Leonato.

D. Pedro. Look, here she comes. 270

Bene. Will your Grace command me any service to the world's end? I will go on the slightest errand now to the Antipodes that you can devise to send me on; I will fetch you a tooth-picker now from the furthest inch of Asia, 275 bring you the length of Prester John's foot, fetch you a hair off the great Cham's beard, do you any embassy to the Pigmies, rather than hold three words' conference with this harpy. You have no employment for me? 280

D. Pedro. None, but to desire your good company.

Bene. O God, sir, here's a dish I love not. I cannot endure my Lady Tongue. *Exit.*

D. Pedro. Come, lady, come; you have lost the heart of Signior Benedick. 285

Beat. Indeed, my lord, he lent it me awhile; and I gave him use for it, a double heart for his single one. Marry, once before he won it of me with false dice, therefore your Grace may well say I have lost it. 290

D. Pedro. You have put him down, lady, you have put him down.

Beat. So I would not he should do me, my lord, lest I should prove the mother of fools. I have brought Count Claudio, whom you sent me to seek. 295

D. Pedro. Why, how now, count! wherefore are you sad?

Claud. Not sad, my lord. 300

D. Pedro. How then? Sick?

Claud. Neither, my lord.

Beat. The count is neither sad, nor sick, nor merry, nor well; but civil count, civil as an orange, and something of that jealous complexion. 305

D. Pedro. I' faith, lady, I think your blazon to be true; though, I'll be sworn, if he be so, his conceit is false. Here, Claudio, I have wooed in thy name, and fair Hero is won. I have broke with her father, and his good will obtained. Name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy! 310

Leon. Count, take of me my daughter, and with her my fortunes. His Grace hath made the match, and all grace say Amen to it. 315

Beat. Speak, count, 'tis your cue.

Claud. Silence is the perfectest herald of joy ; I
were but little happy, if I could say how much.
Lady, as you are mine, I am yours. I give away
myself for you and dote upon the exchange. 320

Beat. Speak, cousin ; or, if you cannot, stop his
mouth with a kiss, and let not him speak
neither.

D. Pedro. In faith, lady, you have a merry
heart. 325

Beat. Yea, my lord ; I thank it, poor fool, it keeps
on the windy side of care. My cousin tells
him in his ear that he is in her heart.

Claud. And so she doth, cousin.

Beat. Good Lord, for alliance ! Thus goes every 330
one to the world but I, and I am sunburnt.
I may sit in a corner and cry "Heigh-ho for
a husband !"

D. Pedro. Lady Beatrice, I will get you one.

Beat. I would rather have one of your father's 335
getting. Hath your Grace ne'er a brother
like you ? Your father got excellent hus-
bands, if a maid could come by them.

D. Pedro. Will you have me, lady ?

Beat. No, my lord, unless I might have another 340
for working-days. Your Grace is too costly
to wear every day. But, I beseech your
Grace, pardon me ; I was born to speak all
mirth and no matter.

D. Pedro. Your silence most offends me, and to
be merry best becomes you ; for, out o' ques- 345
tion, you were born in a merry hour.

Beat. No, sure, my lord, my mother cried ; but
then there was a star danc'd, and under that
was I born. Cousins, God give you joy ! 350

Leon. Niece, will you look to those things I told
you of ?

Beat. I cry you mercy, uncle. By your Grace's
pardon. *Exit.*

D. Pedro. By my troth, a pleasant-spirited lady. 355

Leon. There's little of the melancholy element
in her, my lord. She is never sad but when
she sleeps, and not ever sad then ; for I have
heard my daughter say, she hath often dreamt
of unhappiness and wak'd herself with laugh- 360
ing.

D. Pedro. She cannot endure to hear tell of a hus-
band.

Leon. O, by no means ; she mocks all her woers
out of suit. 365

D. Pedro. She were an excellent wife for Benedick.

Leon. O Lord, my lord, if they were but a week
married, they would talk themselves mad.

D. Pedro. County Claudio, when mean you to 370
go to church ?

Claud. To-morrow, my lord. Time goes on
crutches till love have all his rites.

Leon. Not till Monday, my dear son, which is hence a just seven-night; and a time too 375 brief, too, to have all things answer my mind.

D. Pedro. Come, you shake the head at so long a breathing; but, I warrant thee, Claudio, the time shall not go dully by us. I will in the interim undertake one of Hercules' labours; 380 which is, to bring Signior Benedick and the Lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection the one with the other. I would fain have it a match, and I doubt not but to fashion it, if you three will but minister such assistance as I 385 shall give you direction.

Leon. My lord, I am for you, though it cost me ten nights' watchings.

Claud. And I, my lord.

D. Pedro. And you too, gentle Hero?

Hero. I will do any modest office, my lord, to 390 help my cousin to a good husband.

D. Pedro. And Benedick is not the unhopefullest husband that I know. Thus far can I praise him: he is of a noble strain, of approved valour, and confirm'd honesty. I will teach 395 you how to humour your cousin, that she shall fall in love with Benedick; and I, with your two helps, will so practise on Benedick that, in despite of his quick wit and his queasy stomach, he shall fall in love with Beatrice. If 400

we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer. His glory shall be ours, for we are the only love-gods. Go in with me, and I will tell you my drift. *Exeunt.*

SCENE II

[*The same.*]

Enter [Don] John and Borachio.

D. John. It is so; the Count Claudio shall marry the daughter of Leonato.

Bora. Yea, my lord; but I can cross it.

D. John. Any bar, any cross, any impediment will be medicinable to me. I am sick in displeasure to him, and whatsoever comes athwart his affection ranges evenly with mine. How canst thou cross this marriage? 5

Bora. Not honestly, my lord; but so covertly that no dishonesty shall appear in me. 10

D. John. Show me briefly how.

Bora. I think I told your lordship a year since, how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting gentlewoman to Hero.

D. John. I remember. 15

Bora. I can, at any unseasonable instant of the night, appoint her to look out at her lady's chamber-window.

- D. John.* What life is in that, to be the death of this marriage? 20
- Bora.* The poison of that lies in you to temper. Go you to the Prince your brother; spare not to tell him that he hath wronged his honour in marrying the renowned Claudio — whose estimation do you mightily hold up — to a contaminated stale, such a one as Hero. 25
- D. John.* What proof shall I make of that?
- Bora.* Proof enough to misuse the Prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero, and kill Leonato. Look you for any other issue? 30
- D. John.* Only to despite them, I will endeavour anything.
- Bora.* Go, then; find me a meet hour to draw Don Pedro and the Count Claudio alone; tell them that you know that Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the Prince and Claudio, as, — in love of your brother's honour, who hath made this match, and his friend's reputation, who is thus like to be cozen'd with the semblance of a maid, — that you have discover'd thus. They will scarcely believe this without trial. Offer them instances; which shall bear no less likelihood than to see me at her chamber-window, hear me call Margaret Hero, hear Margaret term me Claudio; and bring them to see this the very night before 45

the intended wedding, — for in the meantime I will so fashion the matter that Hero shall be absent, — and there shall appear such seeming truth of Hero's disloyalty, that jealousy shall be call'd assurance and all the preparation 50
overthrown.

D. John. Grow this to what adverse issue it can, I will put it in practice. Be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thousand ducats.

Bora. Be you constant in the accusation, and my 55
cunning shall not shame me.

D. John. I will presently go learn their day of marriage. *Exeunt.*

SCENE III

[*Leonato's orchard.*]

Enter Benedick alone.

Bene. Boy!

[*Enter Boy.*]

Boy. Signior?

Bene. In my chamber-window lies a book; bring it hither to me in the orchard.

Boy. I am here already, sir. *Exit.*

Bene. I know that; but I would have thee hence, 6
and here again. I do much wonder that one man, seeing how much another man is a fool when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will,

after he hath laugh'd at such shallow follies 10
in others, become the argument of his own
scorn by falling in love; and such a man is
Claudio. I have known when there was no
music with him but the drum and the fife; and
now had he rather hear the tabor and the 15
pipe. I have known when he would have
walk'd ten mile a-foot to see a good armour;
and now will he lie ten nights awake, carving
the fashion of a new doublet. He was wont to
speak plain and to the purpose, like an honest
man and a soldier; and now is he turn'd 20
orthography; his words are a very fantastical
banquet, just so many strange dishes. May I
be so converted and see with these eyes? I
cannot tell; I think not. I will not be sworn
but love may transform me to an oyster; but 25
I'll take my oath on it, till he have made an
oyster of me, he shall never make me such a
fool. One woman is fair, yet I am well; an-
other is wise, yet I am well; another virtuous,
yet I am well; but till all graces be in one 30
woman, one woman shall not come in my grace.
Rich she shall be, that's certain; wise, or I'll
none; virtuous, or I'll never cheapen her; fair,
or I'll never look on her; mild, or come not near
me; noble, or not I for an angel; of good dis- 35
course, an excellent musician, and her hair shall

He of what colour it please God. Ha ! the Prince
and Monsieur Love ! I will hide me in the
arbour. [Withdraws.]

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and Leonato. Music
[within].*

D. Pedro. Come, shall we hear this music ?

Claud. Yea, my good lord. How still the evening is, 40
As hush'd on purpose to grace harmony !

D. Pedro. See you where Benedick hath hid himself ?

Claud. O, very well, my lord. The music ended,
We'll fit the kid-fox with a pennyworth.

Enter Balthasar with music.

D. Pedro. Come, Balthasar, we'll hear that song
again. 45

Balth. O, good my lord, tax not so bad a voice
To slander music any more than once.

D. Pedro. It is the witness' still of excellency
To put a strange face on his own perfection.
I pray thee, sing, and let me woo no more. 50

Balth. Because you talk of wooing, I will sing ;
Since many a wooer doth commence his suit
To her he thinks not worthy, yet he woos,
Yet will he swear he loves.

D. Pedro. Now, pray thee, come ;
Or, if thou wilt hold longer argument, 55
Do it in notes.

Balth. Note this before my notes ;
 There's not a note of mine that's worth the
 noting.

D. Pedro. Why, these are very crotchets that he
 speaks ;

Note, notes, forsooth, and nothing. [Air.]

Bene. Now, divine air ! now is his soul ravish'd ! 60
 Is it not strange that sheeps' guts should
 hale souls out of men's bodies ? Well, a horn
 for my money, when all's done.

THE SONG

[*Balth.*] Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more,
 Men were deceivers ever, 65
 One foot in sea and one on shore,
 To one thing constant never.
 Then sigh not so, but let them go,
 And be you blithe and bonny,
 Converting all your sounds of woe 70
 Into Hey nonny nonny.

Sing no more ditties, sing no moe,
 Of dumps so dull and heavy ;
 The fraud of men was ever so,
 Since summer first was leafy. 75
 Then sigh not so, etc.

D. Pedro. By my troth, a good song.

Balth. And an ill singer, my lord.

D. Pedro. Ha, no, no, faith; thou sing'st well
enough for a shift. 80

Bene. An he had been a dog that should have
howl'd thus, they would have hang'd him; and
I pray God his bad voice bode no mischief. I
had as lief have heard the night-raven, come
what plague could have come after it. 85

D. Pedro. Yea, marry; dost thou hear, Balthasar?
I pray thee, get us some excellent music;
for to-morrow night we would have it at the
Lady Hero's chamber-window.

Balth. The best I can, my lord. 90

Exit Balthasar.

D. Pedro. Do so; farewell. Come hither, Leo-
nato. What was it you told me of to-day,
that your niece Beatrice was in love with
Signior Benedick?

Claud. [*Aside.*] O, ay, stalk on, stalk on; the
fowl sits. — I did never think that lady would
have loved any man. 95

Leon. No, nor I neither; but most wonderful
that she should so dote on Signior Benedick,
whom she hath in all outward behaviours
seemed ever to abhor. 100

Bene. Is't possible? Sits the wind in that corner?

Leon. By my troth, my lord, I cannot tell what
to think of it but that she loves him with an

enraged affection. It is past the infinite of 105
thought.

D. Pedro. May be she doth but counterfeit.

Claud. Faith, like enough.

Leon. O God, counterfeit! There was never
counterfeit of passion came so near the life of 110
passion as she discovers it.

D. Pedro. Why, what effects of passion shows
she?

Claud. Bait the hook well; this fish will bite.

Leon. What effects, my lord? She will sit you, 115
— you heard my daughter tell you how.

Claud. She did, indeed.

D. Pedro. How, how, I pray you? You amaze
me; I would have thought her spirit had been
invincible against all assaults of affection. 120

Leon. I would have sworn it had, my lord;
especially against Benedick.

Ben. I should think this a gull, but that the
white-bearded fellow speaks it. Knavery can-
not, sure, hide himself in such reverence. 125

Claud. [*Aside.*] He hath ta'en the infection.
Hold it up.

D. Pedro. Hath she made her affection known to
Benedick?

Leon. No; and swears she never will. That's
her torment. 130

Claud. 'Tis true, indeed; so your daughter says.

“Shall I,” says she, “that have so oft encounter’d him with scorn, write to him that I love him?”

Leon. This says she now when she is beginning 135
to write to him; for she’ll be up twenty
times a night, and there will she sit in her
smock till she have writ a sheet of paper. My
daughter tells us all.

Claud. Now you talk of a sheet of paper, I remem- 140
ber a pretty jest your daughter told us of.

Leon. O, when she had writ it and was reading it
over, she found Benedick and Beatrice between
the sheet?

Claud. That. 145

Leon. O, she tore the letter into a thousand half-
pence; railed at herself, that she should be so
immodest to write to one that she knew would
flout her. “I measure him,” says she, “by
my own spirit; for I should flout him, if he 150
writ to me; yea, though I love him, I should.”

Claud. Then down upon her knees she falls, weeps,
sobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays,
curses; “O sweet Benedick! God give me
patience!” 155

Leon. She doth indeed, my daughter says so; and
the ecstasy hath so much overborne her that
my daughter is sometime afraid she will do a
desperate outrage to herself. It is very true.

D. Pedro. It were good that Benedick knew of it 160
by some other, if she will not discover it.

Claud. To what end? He would make but a
sport of it and torment the poor lady worse.

D. Pedro. An he should, it were an alms to hang 165
him. She's an excellent sweet lady; and, out
of all suspicion, she is virtuous.

Claud. And she is exceeding wise.

D. Pedro. In every thing but in loving Bene-
dick.

Leon. O, my lord, wisdom and blood combating 170
in so tender a body, we have ten proofs to
one that blood hath the victory. I am sorry
for her, as I have just cause, being her uncle
and her guardian.

D. Pedro. I would she had bestowed this dotage 175
on me; I would have daff'd all other respects
and made her half myself. I pray you, tell
Benedick of it, and hear what 'a will say.

Leon. Were it good, think you?

Claud. Hero thinks surely she will die; for she 180
says she will die, if he love her not, and she
will die, ere she make her love known, and
she will die, if he woo her, rather than she will
bate one breath of her accustomed crossness.

D. Pedro. She doth well. If she should make 185
tender of her love, 'tis very possible he'll scorn
it; for the man, as you know all, hath a con-
temptible spirit.

Claud. He is a very proper man.

D. Pedro. He hath indeed a good outward happiness. 190

Claud. Before God! and, in my mind, very wise.

D. Pedro. He doth indeed show some sparks that are like wit.

Claud. And I take him to be valiant. 195

D. Pedro. As Hector, I assure you; and in the managing of quarrels you may say he is wise, for either he avoids them with great discretion, or undertakes them with a most Christian-like fear. 200

Leon. If he do fear God, 'a must necessarily keep peace. If he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

D. Pedro. And so will he do; for the man doth fear God, howsoever it seems not in him by some large jests he will make. Well, I am sorry for your niece. Shall we go seek Benedick, and tell him of her love? 205

Claud. Never tell him, my lord. Let her wear it out with good counsel. 210

Leon. Nay, that's impossible; she may wear her heart out first.

D. Pedro. Well, we will hear further of it by your daughter. Let it cool the while. I love Benedick well; and I could wish he would modestly examine himself, to see how much he is unworthy so good a lady. 215

Leon. My lord, will you walk? Dinner is ready.

Claud. [*Aside.*] If he do not dote on her upon this,
I will never trust my expectation. 220

D. Pedro. [*Aside.*] Let there be the same net
spread for her; and that must your daughter
and her gentlewomen carry. The sport will
be, when they hold one an opinion of another's
dotage, and no such matter; that's the scene 225
that I would see, which will be merely a dumb-
show. Let us send her to call him in to dinner.

Exeunt [*Don Pedro, Claudio, and Leonato*].

Bene. [*Coming forward.*] This can be no trick;
the conference was sadly borne. They have
the truth of this from Hero. They seem to 230
pity the lady; it seems her affections have
their full bent. Love me! why, it must be
requited. I hear how I am censur'd. They
say I will bear myself proudly, if I perceive the
love come from her; they say too that she will 235
rather die than give any sign of affection. I
did never think to marry. I must not seem
proud. Happy are they that hear their de-
tractions and can put them to mending. They
say the lady is fair; 'tis a truth, I can bear 240
them witness; and virtuous; 'tis so, I cannot
reprove it; and wise, but for loving me; by
my troth, it is no addition to her wit, nor no
great argument of her folly, for I will be horribly

in love with her. I may chance have some odd quirks and remnants of wit broken on me, 245 because I have rail'd so long against marriage ; but doth not the appetite alter ? A man loves the meat in his youth that he cannot endure in his age. Shall quips and sentences and these paper bullets of the brain awe a man from the 250 career of his humour ? No, the world must be peopled. When I said I would die a bachelor, I did not think I should live till I were married. Here comes Beatrice. By this day ! she's a fair lady. I do spy some marks of love in her. 255

Enter Beatrice.

Beat. Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner.

Bene. Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

Beat. I took no more pains for those thanks than you take pains to thank me. If it had 260 been painful, I would not have come.

Bene. You take pleasure then in the message ?

Beat. Yea, just so much as you may take upon a knife's point and choke a daw withal. You have no stomach, signior ? Fare you well. 265

Exit.

Bene. Ha ! "Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner ;" there's a double

meaning in that. "I took no more pains for those thanks than you took pains to thank me;" that's as much as to say, "Any pains 270 that I take for you is as easy as thanks." If I do not take pity of her, I am a villain; if I do not love her, I am a Jew. I will go get her picture. *Exit.*



ACT THIRD

SCENE I

[*Leonato's garden.*]

Enter Hero and two Gentlewomen, Margaret and Ursula.

~~H~~*Hero.* Good Margaret, run thee to the parlour.
There shalt thou find my cousin Beatrice
Proposing with the Prince and Claudio.
Whisper her ear and tell her, I and Ursula
Walk in the orchard and our whole discourse
Is all of her. Say that thou overheard'st us, 6
And bid her steal into the pleached bower,
Where honeysuckles, ripened by the sun,
Forbid the sun to enter, like favourites
Made proud by princes, that advance their pride
Against that power that bred it. There will she
hide her, 11
To listen our propose. This is thy office ;
Bear thee well in it and leave us alone.

Marg. I'll make her come, I warrant you, presently.
[*Exit.*]

Hero. Now, Ursula, when Beatrice doth come, 15
As we do trace this alley up and down,
Our talk must only be of Benedick.
When I do name him, let it be thy part

To praise him more than ever man did merit.
 My talk to thee must be how Benedick 20
 Is sick in love with Beatrice. Of this matter
 Is little Cupid's crafty arrow made,
 That only wounds by hearsay. Now begin ;
 For look where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs
 Close by the ground, to hear our conference. 25

Enter Beatrice [behind].

Urs. The pleasant'st angling is to see the fish
 Cut with her golden oars the silver stream,
 And greedily devour the treacherous bait.
 So angle we for Beatrice, who even now
 Is couched in the woodbine coverture. 30
 Fear you not my part of the dialogue.

Hero. Then go we near her, that her ear lose nothing
 Of the false sweet bait that we lay for it.

[Approaching the bower.]

No, truly, Ursula, she is too disdainful.
 I know her spirits are as coy and wild 35
 As haggards of the rock.

Urs. But are you sure
 That Benedick loves Beatrice so entirely ?

Hero. So says the Prince and my new-trothed lord.

Urs. And did they bid you tell her of it, madam ?

Hero. They did entreat me to acquaint her of it ; 40
 But I persuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick,

To wish him wrestle with affection,
 And never to let Beatrice know of it.

Urs. Why did you so? Doth not the gentleman
 Deserve as full as fortunate a bed 45
 As ever Beatrice shall couch upon?

Hero. O god of love! I know he doth deserve
 As much as may be yielded to a man;
 But Nature never fram'd a woman's heart
 Of prouder stuff than that of Beatrice. 50
 Disdain and scorn ride sparkling in her eyes,
 Misprising what they look on, and her wit
 Values itself so highly that to her
 All matter else seems weak. She cannot love,
 Nor take no shape nor project of affection, 55
 She is so self-endear'd.

Urs. Sure, I think so;
 And therefore certainly it were not good
 She knew his love, lest she'll make sport at it.

Hero. Why, you speak truth. I never yet saw man,
 How wise, how noble, young, how rarely featur'd,
 But she would spell him backward. If fair-fac'd,
 She would swear the gentleman should be her
 sister;

If black, why, Nature, drawing of an antic,
 Made a foul blot; if tall, a lance ill-headed;
 If low, an agate very vilely cut; 65
 If speaking, why, a vane blown with all winds;
 If silent, why, a block moved with none.

So turns she every man the wrong side out,
 And never gives to truth and virtue that
 Which simpleness and merit purchaseth. 70

Urs. Sure, sure, such carping is not commendable.

Hero. No, not to be so odd and from all fashions
 As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable.
 But who dare tell her so? If I should speak,
 She would mock me into air; O, she would laugh
 me 75

Out of myself, press me to death with wit.
 Therefore let Benedick, like cover'd fire,
 Consume away in sighs, waste inwardly.
 It were a better death than die with mocks,
 Which is as bad as die with tickling. 80

Urs. Yet tell her of it; hear what she will say.

Hero. No; rather I will go to Benedick
 And counsel him to fight against his passion;
 And, truly, I'll devise some honest slanders
 To stain my cousin with. One doth not know 85
 How much an ill word may empoison liking.

Urs. O, do not do your cousin such a wrong.
 She cannot be so much without true judgement —
 Having so swift and excellent a wit
 As she is priz'd to have — as to refuse 90
 So rare a gentleman as Signior Benedick.

Hero. He is the only man of Italy,
 Always excepted my dear Claudio.

Urs. I pray you, be not angry with me, madam,

Speaking my fancy ; Signior Benedick, 95
 For shape, for bearing, argument, and valour,
 Goes foremost in report through Italy.

Hero. Indeed, he hath an excellent good name.

Urs. His excellence did earn it, ere he had it.

When are you married, madam ? 100

Hero. Why, every day, to-morrow. Come, go in ;
 I'll show thee some attires, and have thy counsel
 Which is the best to furnish me to-morrow.

Urs. [*Aside.*] She's lim'd, I warrant you. We have
 caught her, madam.

Hero. [*Aside.*] If it proves so, then loving goes by
 haps. 105

Some Cupid kills with arrows, some with traps.

Exeunt [Hero and Ursula].

* *Beat.* [*Coming forward.*] What fire is in mine ears ?
 Can this be true ?

Stand I condemn'd for pride and scorn so
 much ?

Contempt, farewell ! and maiden pride, adieu !

No glory lives behind the back of such. 110

And, Benedick, love on ; I will requite thee,

Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand.

If thou dost love, my kindness shall incite thee

To bind our loves up in a holy band ;

For others say thou dost deserve, and I 115

Believe it better than reportingly. *Exit.*

SCENE II

[A room in Leonato's house.]

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, and Leonato.

D. Pedro. I do but stay till your marriage be consummate, and then go I toward Arragon.

Claud. I'll bring you thither, my lord, if you'll vouchsafe me.

D. Pedro. Nay, that would be as great a soil in the new gloss of your marriage as to show a child his new coat and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with Benedick for his company; for, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, he is all mirth. He hath twice or thrice cut Cupid's bowstring, and the little hangman dare not shoot at him. He hath a heart as sound as a bell and his tongue is the clapper, for what his heart thinks his tongue speaks. 5 10

Bene. Gallants, I am not as I have been. 15

Leon. So say I; methinks you are sadder.

Claud. I hope he be in love.

D. Pedro. Hang him, truant! There's no true drop of blood in him, to be truly touch'd with love. If he be sad, he wants money. 20

Bene. I have the toothache.

D. Pedro. Draw it.

Bene. Hang it!

Claud. You must hang it first, and draw it afterwards. 25

D. Pedro. What ! sigh for the toothache ?

Leon. Where is but a humour or a worm.

Bene. Well, every one can master a grief but he that has it.

Claud. Yet say I, he is in love. 30

D. Pedro. There is no appearance of fancy in him, unless it be a fancy that he hath to strange disguises ; as, to be a Dutchman to-day, a Frenchman to-morrow, or in the shape of two countries at once, as, a German from the waist downward, all slops, and a Spaniard from the hip upward, no doublet. Unless he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it appear he is. 35

Claud. If he be not in love with some woman, there is no believing old signs. 'A brushes his hat o' mornings ; what should that bode ? 40

D. Pedro. Hath any man seen him at the barber's ?

Claud. No, but the barber's man hath been seen with him, and the old ornament of his cheek hath already stuffed tennis-balls. 45

Leon. Indeed, he looks younger than he did, by the loss of a beard.

D. Pedro. Nay, 'a rubs himself with civet. Can you smell him out by that ? 50

Claud. That's as much as to say, the sweet youth's
in love.

D. Pedro. The greatest note of it is his melan-
choly. 55

Claud. And when was he wont to wash his
face?

D. Pedro. Yea, or to paint himself? For the
which, I hear what they say of him.

Claud. Nay, but his jesting spirit; which is now 60
crept into a lute-string and now govern'd by
stops.

D. Pedro. Indeed, that tells a heavy tale for him.
Conclude, conclude he is in love.

Claud. Nay, but I know who loves him. 65

D. Pedro. That would I know too. I warrant,
one that knows him not.

Claud. Yes, and his ill conditions; and, in despite
of all, dies for him.

D. Pedro. She shall be buried with her face up- 70
wards.

Bene. Yet is this no charm for the toothache.
Old signior, walk aside with me; I have
studied eight or nine wise words to speak to
you, which these hobby-horses must not hear. 75

[*Exeunt Benedick and Leonato.*]

D. Pedro. For my life, to break with him about
Beatrice.

Claud. 'Tis even so. Hero and Margaret have

by this played their parts with Beatrice ; and
 then the two bears will not bite one another 80
 when they meet.

Enter John the Bastard.

D. John. My lord and brother, God save you !

D. Pedro. Good den, brother.

D. John. If your leisure serv'd, I would speak
 with you. 85

D. Pedro. In private ?

D. John. If it please you ; yet Count Claudio
 may hear, for what I would speak of concerns
 him.

D. Pedro. What's the matter ? 90

D. John. [*To Claudio.*] Means your lordship to
 be married to-morrow ?

D. Pedro. You know he does.

D. John. I know not that, when he knows what
 I know. 95

Claud. If there be any impediment, I pray you
 discover it.

D. John. You may think I love you not ; let that
 appear hereafter, and aim better at me by that
 I now will manifest. For my brother, I think 100
 he holds you well, and in dearness of heart
 hath help to effect your ensuing marriage ; —
 surely suit ill spent and labour ill bestowed.

D. Pedro. Why, what's the matter?

D. John. I came hither to tell you; and, cir- 105
cumstances short'ned, for she has been too
long a talking of, the lady is disloyal.

Claud. Who? Hero?

D. John. Even she; Leonato's Hero, your Hero,
every man's Hero. 110

Claud. Disloyal?

D. John. The word is too good to paint out her
wickedness. I could say she were worse; think
you of a worse title, and I will fit her to it. Won-
der not till further warrant. Go but with me 115
to-night; you shall see her chamber-window
ent'red, even the night before her wedding-day.
If you love her then, to-morrow wed her; but
it would better fit your honour to change your
mind.

Claud. May this be so? 120

D. Pedro. I will not think it.

D. John. If you dare not trust that you see, con-
fess not that you know. If you will follow me,
I will show you enough; and when you have
seen more and heard more, proceed accordingly. 125

Claud. If I see any thing to-night why I should
not marry her to-morrow, in the congregation,
where I should wed, there will I shame her.

D. Pedro. And, as I wooed for thee to obtain her,
I will join with thee to disgrace her. 130

D. John. I will disparage her no farther till you are my witnesses. Bear it coldly but till midnight, and let the issue show itself.

D. Pedro. O day untowardly turned !

Claud. O mischief strangely thwarting ! 135

D. John. O plague right well prevented ! So will you say when you have seen the sequel.

Exeunt.

SCENE III

[*A street.*]

Enter Dogberry and his compartner [Verges] with the Watch.

Dog. Are you good men and true ?

Verg. Yea, or else it were pity but they should suffer salvation, body and soul.

Dog. Nay, that were a punishment too good for them, if they should have any allegiance in them, being chosen for the Prince's watch. 5

Verg. Well, give them their charge, neighbour Dogberry.

Dog. First, who think you the most desartless man to be constable ? 10

1. Watch. Hugh Oatcake, sir, or George Seacole ; for they can write and read.

Dog. Come hither, neighbour Seacole. God hath bless'd you with a good name. To be a well-

favoured man is the gift of fortune, but to write and read comes by nature. 15

2. *Watch*. Both which, master constable, —

Dog. You have : I knew it would be your answer. Well, for your favour, sir, why, give God thanks, and make no boast of it ; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is no need of such vanity. You are thought here to be the most senseless and fit man for the constable of the watch ; therefore bear you the lantern. This is your charge : you shall comprehend all vagrom men ; you are to bid any man stand, in the Prince's name. 20 25

2. *Watch*. How if 'a will not stand ?

Dog. Why, then, take no note of him, but let him go ; and presently call the rest of the watch together, and thank God you are rid of a knave. 30

Verg. If he will not stand when he is bidden, he is none of the Prince's subjects.

Dog. True, and they are to meddle with none but the Prince's subjects. You shall also make no noise in the streets ; for for the watch to babble and to talk is most tolerable and not to be endured. 35

[2.] *Watch*. We will rather sleep than talk ; we know what belongs to a watch. 40

Dog. Why, you speak like an ancient and most quiet watchman, for I cannot see how sleep-

ing should offend; only, have a care that your bills be not stolen. Well, you are to call at all the ale-houses, and bid those that are drunk get them to bed. 45

[2.] *Watch.* How if they will not?

Dog. Why, then, let them alone till they are sober. If they make you not then the better answer, you may say they are not the men you took them for. 50

[2.] *Watch.* Well, sir.

Dog. If you meet a thief, you may suspect him, by virtue of your office, to be no true man; and, for such kind of men, the less you meddle or make with them, why, the more is for your honesty. 55

[2.] *Watch.* If we know him to be a thief, shall we not lay hands on him?

Dog. Truly, by your office, you may; but I think they that touch pitch will be defil'd. The most peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is to let him show himself what he is and steal out of your company. 60

Verg. You have been always called a merciful man, partner. 65

Dog. Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will, much more a man who hath any honesty in him.

Verg. If you hear a child cry in the night, you must call to the nurse and bid her still it. 70

[2.] *Watch.* How if the nurse be asleep and will not hear us ?

Dog. Why, then, depart in peace, and let the child wake her with crying ; for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes will never answer a calf when he bleats. 75

Verg. 'Tis very true.

Dog. This is the end of the charge : you, constable, are to present the Prince's own person. If you meet the Prince in the night, you may stay him. 80

Verg. Nay, by'r lady, that I think 'a cannot.

Dog. Five shillings to one on't, with any man that knows the statues, he may stay him ; marry, not without the Prince be willing ; for, indeed, the watch ought to offend no man, and it is an offence to stay a man against his will. 85

Verg. By'r lady, I think it be so.

Dog. Ha, ah ha ! Well, masters, good night. An there be any matter of weight chances, call up me. Keep your fellows' counsels and your own, and good night. Come, neighbour. 90

[2.] *Watch.* Well, masters, we hear our charge. Let us go sit here upon the church-bench till two, and then all to bed. 95

Dog. One word more, honest neighbours. I pray you, watch about Signior Leonato's door ;

for the wedding being there to-morrow, there is a great coil to-night. Adieu! Be vigilant, I beseech you. 100

Exeunt [Dogberry and Verges].

Enter Borachio and Conrade.

Bora. What, Conrade!

Watch. [*Aside.*] Peace! stir not.

Bora. Conrade, I say!

Con. Here, man; I am at thy elbow. 105

Bora. Mass, and my elbow itch'd; I thought there would a scab follow.

Con. I will owe thee an answer for that; and now forward with thy tale.

Bora. Stand thee close, then, under this pent-house, for it drizzles rain; and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee. 110

Watch. [*Aside.*] Some treason, masters; yet stand close.

Bora. Therefore know I have earned of Don John a thousand ducats. 115

Con. Is it possible that any villainy should be so dear?

Bora. Thou shouldst rather ask if it were possible any villainy should be so rich; for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will. 120

Con. I wonder at it.

Bora. That shows thou art unconfirm'd. Thou knowest that the fashion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak, is nothing to a man. 125

Con. Yes, it is apparel.

Bora. I mean, the fashion.

Con. Yes, the fashion is the fashion.

Bora. Tush! I may as well say the fool's the fool. But seest thou not what a deformed thief this fashion is? 130

Watch. [*Aside.*] I know that Deformed; 'a has been a vile thief this seven years. 'A goes up and down like a gentleman. I remember his name. 135

Bora. Didst thou not hear somebody?

Con. No; 'twas the vane on the house.

Bora. Seest thou not, I say, what a deformed thief this fashion is, how giddily 'a turns about all the hot bloods between fourteen and five-and-thirty, sometimes fashioning them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reechy painting, sometime like god Bel's priests in the old church-window, sometime like the shaven Hercules in the smirch'd worm-eaten tapestry, where his codpiece seems as massy as his club? 140 145

Con. All this I see; and I see that the fashion wears out more apparel than the man. But art not thou thyself giddy with the fashion too, 150

that thou hast shifted out of thy tale into telling me of the fashion?

Bora. Not so, neither; but know that I have to-night wooed Margaret, the Lady Hero's gentlewoman, by the name of Hero. She leans me out at her mistress' chamber-window, bids me a thousand times good night, — I tell this tale vilely: — I should first tell thee how the Prince, Claudio, and my master, planted and placed and possessed by my master Don John, saw afar off in the orchard this amiable encounter. 155 160

Con. And thought they Margaret was Hero?

Bora. Two of them did, the Prince and Claudio; but the devil my master knew she was Margaret; and partly by his oaths, which first possess'd them, partly by the dark night, which did deceive them, but chiefly by my villainy, which did confirm any slander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enrag'd; swore he would meet her, as he was appointed, next morning at the temple, and there, before the whole congregation, shame her with what he saw o'er night, and send her home again without a husband. 170 175

1. *Watch.* We charge you, in the Prince's name, stand!

2. *Watch.* Call up the right master constable. We

have here recovered the most dangerous piece of lechery that ever was known in the commonwealth. 180

1. *Watch.* And one Deformed is one of them. I know him; 'a wears a lock.

Con. Masters, masters, —

2. *Watch.* You'll be made bring Deformed forth, I warrant you. 185

Con. Masters, —

[1. *Watch.*] Never speak. We charge you let us obey you to go with us.

Bora. We are like to prove a goodly commodity, being taken up of these men's bills. 190

Con. A commodity in question, I warrant you. Come, we'll obey you. *Exeunt.*

SCENE IV

[*Hero's apartment.*]

Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula.

Hero. Good Ursula, wake my cousin Beatrice, and desire her to rise.

Urs. I will, lady.

Hero. And bid her come hither.

Urs. Well.

Exit. 5

Marg. Troth, I think your other rabato were better.

Hero. No, pray thee, good Meg, I'll wear this.

Marg. By my troth, 's not so good ; and I warrant
your cousin will say so. 10

Hero. My cousin's a fool, and thou art another.
I'll wear none but this.

Marg. I like the new tire within excellently, if
the hair were a thought browner ; and your
gown's a most rare fashion, i' faith. I saw the 15
Duchess of Milan's gown that they praise so.

Hero. O, that exceeds, they say.

Marg. By my troth, 's but a night-gown in respect
of yours : cloth o' gold, and cuts, and lac'd
with silver, set with pearls, down sleeves, side 20
sleeves, and skirts, round underborne with
a bluish tinsel ; but for a fine, quaint, graceful,
and excellent fashion, yours is worth ten on't.

Hero. God give me joy to wear it ! for my heart
is exceeding heavy. 25

Marg. 'Twill be heavier soon by the weight of a
man.

Hero. Fie upon thee ! art not asham'd ?

Marg. Of what, lady ? Of speaking honourably ? Is
not marriage honourable in a beggar ? Is not 30
your lord honourable without marriage ? I think
you would have me say, "saving your reverence,
a husband." An bad thinking do not wrest true
speaking, I'll offend nobody. Is there any
harm in " the heavier for a husband " ? None, 35

I think, an it be the right husband and the right wife; otherwise 'tis light, and not heavy. Ask my Lady Beatrice else; here she comes.

Enter Beatrice.

Hero. Good morrow, coz.

Beat. Good morrow, sweet Hero. 40

Hero. Why, how now? Do you speak in the sick tune?

Beat. I am out of all other tune, methinks.

Marg. Clap's into "Light o' love"; that goes without a burden. Do you sing it, and I'll 45 dance it.

Beat. Ye light o' love with your heels! Then, if your husband have stables enough, you'll see he shall lack no barns.

Marg. O illegitimate construction! I scorn that 50 with my heels.

Beat. 'Tis almost five o'clock, cousin; 'tis time you were ready. By my troth, I am exceeding ill. Heigh-ho!

Marg. For a hawk, a horse, or a husband? 55

Beat. For the letter that begins them all, H.

Marg. Well, an you be not turn'd Turk, there's no more sailing by the star.

Beat. What means the fool, trow?

Marg. Nothing I; but God send every one their 60 heart's desire!

Hero. These gloves the count sent me; they are an excellent perfume.

Beat. I am stuff'd, cousin; I cannot smell.

Marg. A maid, and stuff'd! There's goodly catching of cold. 65

Beat. O, God help me! God help me! How long have you profess'd apprehension?

Marg. Ever since you left it. Doth not my wit become me rarely? 70

Beat. It is not seen enough, you should wear it in your cap. By my troth, I am sick.

Marg. Get you some of this distill'd Carduus Benedictus, and lay it to your heart. It is the only thing for a qualm. 75

Hero. There thou prick'st her with a thistle.

Beat. Benedictus! why Benedictus? You have some moral in this Benedictus.

Marg. Moral! no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning; I meant, plain holy-thistle. You may think perchance that I think you are in love. Nay, by'r lady, I am not such a fool to think what I list, nor I list not to think what I can, nor indeed I cannot think, if I would think my heart out of thinking, that you are in love or that you will be in love or that you can be in love. Yet Benedick was such another, and now is he become a man. He swore he would never marry, and yet now, 80 85

in despite of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging ; and how you may be converted I know not, but methinks you look with your eyes as other women do. 90

Beat. What pace is this that thy tongue keeps ?

Marg. Not a false gallop.

Re-enter Ursula.

Urs. Madam, withdraw ; the Prince, the count, Signior Benedick, Don John, and all the gallants of the town, are come to fetch you to church. 95

Hero. Help to dress me, good coz, good Meg, good Ursula. [Exeunt.]

SCENE V

[Another room in Leonato's house.]

Enter Leonato, with the Constable [Dogberry] and the Headborough [Verges].

Leon. What would you with me, honest neighbour ?

Dog. Marry, sir, I would have some confidence with you that decerns you nearly.

Leon. Brief, I pray you ; for you see it is a busy time with me. 5

Dog. Marry, this it is, sir.

Verg. Yes, in truth it is, sir.

Leon. What is it, my good friends?

Dog. Goodman Verges, sir, speaks a little off the matter; an old man, sir, and his wits are not so blunt as, God help, I would desire they were; but, in faith, honest as the skin between his brows. 10

Verg. Yes, I thank God I am as honest as any man living that is an old man and no honester than I. 15

Dog. Comparisons are odorous. Palabras, neighbour Verges.

Leon. Neighbours, you are tedious. 20

Dog. It pleases your worship to say so, but we are the poor Duke's officers; but truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a king, I could find in my heart to bestow it all of your worship. 25

Leon. All thy tediousness on me, ah?

Dog. Yea, an 'twere a thousand pound more than 'tis; for I hear as good exclamation on your worship as of any man in the city; and though I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear it. 30

Verg. And so am I.

Leon. I would fain know what you have to say.

Verg. Marry, sir, our watch to-night, excepting your worship's presence, ha' ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina. 35

Dog. A good old man, sir; he will be talking: as

they say, When the age is in, the wit is out. God help us ! It is a world to see. Well said, i' faith, neighbour Verges. Well, God's a good man ; an two men ride of a horse, one 40 must ride behind. An honest soul, i' faith, sir ; by my troth he is, as ever broke bread ; but God is to be worshipp'd ; all men are not alike ; alas, good neighbour !

Leon. Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short of 45 you.

Dog. Gifts that God gives.

Leon. I must leave you.

Dog. One word, sir. Our watch, sir, have indeed 50 comprehended two aspicious persons, and we would have them this morning examined before your worship.

Leon. Take their examination yourself and bring it me. I am now in great haste, as it may 55 appear unto you.

Dog. It shall be suffigance.

Leon. Drink some wine ere you go. Fare you well.

[*Enter a Messenger.*]

Mess. My lord, they stay for you to give your daughter to her husband. 60

Leon. I'll wait upon them ; I am ready.

[*Exeunt Leonato and Messenger.*]

Dog. Go, good partner, go, get you to Francis Seacole; bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the gaol. We are now to examination these men.

Verg. And we must do it wisely.

65

Dog. We will spare for no wit, I warrant you. Here's that shall drive some of them to a non-come; only get the learned writer to set down our excommunication and meet me at the gaol.

Exeunt.



ACT FOURTH

SCENE I

[*A church.*]

Enter Don Pedro, [John the] Bastard, Leonato, Friar Francis, Claudio, Benedick, Hero, Beatrice [and attendants].

Leon. Come, Friar Francis, be brief; only to the plain form of marriage, and you shall recount their particular duties afterwards.

Friar. You come hither, my lord, to marry this lady. 5

Claud. No.

Leon. To be married to her. Friar, you come to marry her.

Friar. Lady, you come hither to be married to this count. 10

Hero. I do.

Friar. If either of you know any inward impediment why you should not be conjoined, I charge you, on your souls, to utter it.

Claud. Know you any, Hero? 15

Hero. None, my lord.

Friar. Know you any, count?

Leon. I dare make his answer, none.

Claud. O, what men dare do! What men may
do! What men daily do, not knowing what 20
they do!

Bene. How now! interjections? Why, then, some
be of laughing, as, ah, ha, he!

Claud. Stand thee by, friar. Father, by your leave.
Will you with free and unconstrained soul 25
Give me this maid, your daughter?

Leon. As freely, son, as God did give her me.

Claud. And what have I to give you back, whose
worth

May counterpoise this rich and precious gift?

D. Pedro. Nothing, unless you render her again. 30

Claud. Sweet Prince, you learn me noble thankful-
ness.

There, Leonato, take her back again.

Give not this rotten orange to your friend;

She's but the sign and semblance of her honour.

Behold how like a maid she blushes here! 35

O, what authority and show of truth

Can cunning sin cover itself withal!

Comes not that blood as modest evidence

To witness simple virtue? Would you not swear,

All you that see her, that she were a maid, 40

By these exterior shows? But she is none.

She knows the heat of a luxurious bed;

Her blush is guiltiness, not modesty.

Leon. What do you mean, my lord?

Claud. Not to be married ;
Not to knit my soul to an approved wanton. 45

Leon. Dear my lord, if you, in your own proof,
Have vanquish'd the resistance of her youth,
And made defeat of her virginity, —

Claud. I know what you would say. If I have known
her,
You will say she did embrace me as a husband, 50
And so extenuate the 'forehand sin. No, Leonato,
I never tempted her with word too large ;
But, as a brother to his sister, show'd
Bashful sincerity and comely love.

Hero. And seem'd I ever otherwise to you ? 55

Claud. Out on thee ! Seeming ! I will write against
it :

You seem to me as Dian in her orb,
As chaste as is the bud ere it be blown ;
But you are more intemperate in your blood 60
Than Venus, or those pamp' red animals
That rage in savage sensuality.

Hero. Is my lord well, that he doth speak so wide ?

Leon. Sweet Prince, why speak not you ?

D. Pedro. What should I speak ?
I stand dishonour'd, that have gone about 65
To link my dear friend to a common stale.

Leon. Are these things spoken, or do I but dream ?

D. John. Sir, they are spoken, and these things are
true.

Bene. This looks not like a nuptial.

Hero. True! O God!

Claud. Leonato, stand I here? 70

Is this the Prince? Is this the Prince's brother?

Is this face Hero's? Are our eyes our own?

Leon. All this is so; but what of this, my lord?

Claud. Let me but move one question to your daughter;

And, by that fatherly and kindly power 75

That you have in her, bid her answer truly.

Leon. I charge thee do so, as thou art my child.

Hero. O, God defend me! how am I beset!

What kind' of catechising call you this?

Claud. To make you answer truly to your name. 80

Hero. Is it not Hero? Who can blot that name

With any just reproach?

Claud. Marry, that can Hero;

Hero itself can blot out Hero's virtue.

What man was he talk'd with you yesternight

Out at your window betwixt twelve and one? 85

Now, if you are a maid, answer to this.

Hero. I talk'd with no man at that hour, my lord.

D. Pedro. Why, then are you no maiden. Leonato,
I am sorry you must hear. Upon mine honour,
Myself, my brother, and this grieved count 90

Did see her, hear her, at that hour last night

Talk with a ruffian at her chamber-window;

Who hath indeed, most like a liberal villain,

Confess'd the vile encounters they have had
A thousand times in secret. 95

D. John. Fie, fie! they are not to be named, my lord,
Not to be spoke of;

There is not chastity enough in language
Without offence to utter them. Thus, pretty
lady,

I am sorry for thy much misgovernment. 100

Claud. O Hero, what a Hero hadst thou been,
If half thy outward graces had been plac'd
About thy thoughts and counsels of thy heart!
But fare thee well, most foul, most fair! Fare-
well,

Thou pure impiety and impious purity! 105

For thee I'll lock up all the gates of love,
And on my eyelids shall conjecture hang,
To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm,
And never shall it more be gracious.

Leon. Hath no man's dagger here a point for me? 110

[*Hero swoons.*]

Beat. Why, how now, cousin! wherefore sink you
down?

D. John. Come, let us go. These things, come thus
to light,

Smother her spirits up.

[*Exeunt Don Pedro, Don John, and
Claudio.*]

Bene. How doth the lady?

Beat. Dead, I think. Help, uncle!
Hero! why, Hero! Uncle! Signior Benedick!
Friar! 115

Leon. O Fate! take not away thy heavy hand.
Death is the fairest cover for her shame
That may be wish'd for.

Beat. How now, cousin Hero!

Friar. Have comfort, lady.

Leon. Dost thou look up? 120

Friar. Yea, wherefore should she not?

Leon. Wherefore! Why, doth not every earthly
thing

Cry shame upon her? Could she here deny
The story that is printed in her blood?

Do not live, Hero; do not ope thine eyes; 125

For, did I think thou wouldst not quickly die,
Thought I thy spirits were stronger than thy
shames,

Myself would, on the rearward of reproaches,
Strike at thy life. Griev'd I, I had but one?

Chid I for that at frugal nature's frame? 130

O, one too much by thee! Why had I one?

Why ever wast thou lovely in my eyes?

Why had I not with charitable hand

Took up a beggar's issue at my gates,

Who smirched thus and mir'd with infamy, 135

I might have said "No part of it is mine.

This shame derives itself from unknown loins"?

But mine, and mine I lov'd, and mine I prais'd,
 And mine that I was proud on, mine so much
 That I myself was to myself not mine, 140
 Valuing of her, — why, she, O, she is fallen
 Into a pit of ink, that the wide sea
 Hath drops too few to wash her clean again,
 And salt too little which may season give
 To her foul-tainted flesh !

Bene. Sir, sir, be patient. 145
 For my part, I am so attir'd in wonder,
 I know not what to say.

Beat. O, on my soul, my cousin is belied !

Bene. Lady, were you her bedfellow last night ?

Beat. No, truly not ; although, until last night, 150
 I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow.

Leon. Confirm'd, confirm'd ! O, that is stronger
 made
 Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron !
 Would the two princes lie, and Claudio lie,
 Who lov'd her so, that, speaking of her foulness,
 Wash'd it with tears ? Hence from her ! Let
 her die. 156

Friar. Hear me a little ;

For I have only been silent so long
 And given way unto this course of fortune,
 By noting of the lady. I have mark'd 160
 A thousand blushing apparitions
 To start into her face, a thousand innocent shames

In angel whiteness beat away those blushes ;
 And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire
 To burn the errors that these princes hold 165
 Against her maiden truth. Call me a fool ;
 Trust not my reading nor my observations,
 Which with experimental seal doth warrant
 The tenour of my book ; trust not my age,
 My reverence, calling, nor divinity, 170
 If this sweet lady lie not guiltless here
 Under some biting error.

Leon.

Friar, it cannot be.

Thou seest that all the grace that she hath left
 Is that she will not add to her damnation
 A sin of perjury ; she not denies it. 175
 Why seek'st thou then to cover with excuse
 That which appears in proper nakedness ?

Friar. Lady, what man is he you are accus'd of ?

Hero. They know that do accuse me ; I know none.

If I know more of any man alive 180
 Than that which maiden modesty doth warrant,
 Let all my sins lack mercy ! O my father,
 Prove you that any man with me convers'd
 At hours unmeet, or that I yesternight
 Maintain'd the change of words with any crea-
 ture, 185

Refuse me, hate me, torture me to death !

Friar. There is some strange misprision in the princes.

Bene. Two of them have the very bent of honour ;

And if their wisdoms be misled in this,
 The practice of it lives in John the Bastard, 190
 Whose spirits toil in frame of villainies.

Leon. I know not. If they speak but truth of her,
 These hands shall tear her; if they wrong her
 honour,

The proudest of them shall well hear of it.
 Time hath not yet so dried this blood of mine, 195
 Nor age so eat up my invention,
 Nor fortune made such havoc of my means,
 Nor my bad life reft me so much of friends,
 But they shall find, awak'd in such a kind,
 Both strength of limb and policy of mind, 200
 Ability in means and choice of friends,
 To quit me of them throughly.

Friar. Pause awhile,
 And let my counsel sway you in this case.
 Your daughter here the princes left for dead.
 Let her awhile be secretly kept in, 205
 And publish it that she is dead indeed.
 Maintain a mourning ostentation
 And on your family's old monument
 Hang mournful epitaphs, and do all rites
 That appertain unto a burial. 210

Leon. What shall become of this? What will this do?

Friar. Marry, this well carried shall on her behalf
 Change slander to remorse; that is some good.
 But not for that dream I on this strange course,

But on this travail look for greater birth. 215
She dying, as it must be so maintain'd,
Upon the instant that she was accus'd,
Shall be lamented, pitied, and excus'd
Of every hearer ; for it so falls out
That what we have we prize not to the worth 220
Whiles we enjoy it, but being lack'd and lost,
Why, then we rack the value ; then we find
The virtue that possession would not show us
Whiles it was ours. So will it fare with Claudio.
When he shall hear she died upon his words, 225
The idea of her life shall sweetly creep
Into his study of imagination,
And every lovely organ of her life
Shall come apparell'd in more precious habit,
More moving-delicate and full of life, 230
Into the eye and prospect of his soul,
Than when she liv'd indeed. Then shall he
 mourn,
If ever love had interest in his liver,
And wish he had not so accused her,
No, though he thought his accusation true. 235
Let this be so, and doubt not but success
Will fashion the event in better shape
Than I can lay it down in likelihood.
But if all aim but this be levell'd false,
The supposition of the lady's death 240
Will quench the wonder of her infamy.

And if it sort not well, you may conceal her,
 As best befits her wounded reputation,
 In some reclusive and religious life,
 Out of all eyes, tongues, minds, and injuries. 245

Bene. Signior Leonato, let the friar advise you ;
 And though you know my inwardness and love
 Is very much unto the Prince and Claudio,
 Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this
 As secretly and justly as your soul 250
 Should with your body.

Leon. Being that I flow in grief,
 The smallest twine may lead me.

Friar. 'Tis well consented ; presently away,
 For to strange sores strangely they strain the
 cure.

Come, lady, die to live. This wedding-day 255
 Perhaps is but prolong'd ; have patience and
 endure.

Exeunt [all but Benedick and Beatrice].

Bene. Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this while ?

Beat. Yea, and I will weep a while longer.

Bene. I will not desire that.

Beat. You have no reason ; I do it freely. 260

Bene. Surely I do believe your fair cousin is
 wrong'd.

Beat. Ah, how much might the man deserve of
 me that would right her !

Bene. Is there any way to show such friendship ? 265

Beat. A very even way, but no such friend.

Bene. May a man do it?

Beat. It is a man's office, but not yours.

Bene. I do love nothing in the world so well as
you. Is not that strange? 270

Beat. As strange as the thing I know not. It were
as possible for me to say I lov'd nothing so
well as you : but believe me not ; and yet I lie
not. I confess nothing, nor I deny nothing.
I am sorry for my cousin. 275

Bene. By my sword, Beatrice, thou lov'st me.

Beat. Do not swear, and eat it.

Bene. I will swear by it that you love me ; and
I will make him eat it that says I love not you.

Beat. Will you not eat your word? 280

Bene. With no sauce that can be devised to it.
I protest I love thee.

Beat. Why, then, God forgive me !

Bene. What offence, sweet Beatrice?

Beat. You have stayed me in a happy hour. I 285
was about to protest I loved you.

Bene. And do it with all thy heart.

Beat. I love you with so much of my heart that
none is left to protest.

Bene. Come, bid me do any thing for thee. 290

Beat. Kill Claudio.

Bene. Ha ! not for the wide world.

Beat. You kill me to deny it. Farewell.

Bene. Tarry, sweet Beatrice.

Beat. I am gone, though I am here. There is 295
no love in you. Nay, I pray you, let me go.

Bene. Beatrice, —

Beat. In faith, I will go.

Bene. We'll be friends first.

Beat. You dare easier be friends with me than 300
fight with mine enemy.

Bene. Is Claudio thine enemy?

Beat. Is 'a not approved in the height a villain, that
hath slandered, scorned, dishonoured my kins-
woman? O that I were a man! What, bear 305
her in hand until they come to take hands; and
then, with public accusation, uncover'd slander,
unmitigated rancour, — O God, that I were a
man! I would eat his heart in the market-place.

Bene. Hear me, Beatrice, — 310

Beat. Talk with a man out at a window! A
proper saying!

Bene. Nay, but, Beatrice, —

Beat. Sweet Hero! She is wrong'd, she is slan-
d' red, she is undone. 315

Bene. Beat —

Beat. Princes and counties! Surely, a princely
testimony, a goodly count, Count Comfect; a
sweet gallant, surely! O that I were a man for
his sake! or that I had any friend would be a 320
man for my sake! But manhood is melted into

courtesies, valour into compliment, and men are only turned into tongue, and trim ones too. He is now as valiant as Hercules that only tells a lie and swears it. I cannot be a man with wishing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving. 325

Bene. Tarry, good Beatrice. By this hand, I love thee.

Beat. Use it for my love some other way than swearing by it. 330

Bene. Think you in your soul the Count Claudio hath wrong'd Hero?

Beat. Yea, as sure as I have a thought or a soul.

Bene. Enough, I am engag'd; I will challenge 335 him. I will kiss your hand, and so I leave you. By this hand, Claudio shall render me a dear account. As you hear of me, so think of me. Go, comfort your cousin. I must say 339 she is dead; and so, farewell. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II

[*A prison.*]

Enter the Constables [Dogberry, Verges, and Sexton] in gowns [and the Watch, with Conrade] and Borachio.

Dog. Is our whole dissembly appear'd?

Verg. O, a stool and a cushion for the sexton.

Sex. Which be the malefactors ?

Dog. Marry, that am I and my partner.

Verg. Nay, that's certain ; we have the exhibition 5
to examine.

Sex. But which are the offenders that are to be
examined ? Let them come before master
constable.

Dog. Yea, marry, let them come before me. 10
What is your name, friend ?

Bora. Borachio.

Dog. Pray, write down, Borachio. Yours, sir-
rah ?

Con. I am a gentleman, sir, and my name is 15
Conrade.

Dog. Write down, master gentleman Conrade.
Masters, do you serve God ?

Con. } Yea, sir, we hope.
Bora. }

Dog. Write down, that they hope they serve 20
God ; and write God first ; for God defend
but God should go before such villains ! Mas-
ters, it is proved already that you are little
better than false knaves ; and it will go near
to be thought so shortly. How answer you 25
for yourselves ?

Con. Marry, sir, we say we are none.

Dog. A marvellous witty fellow, I assure you ;
but I will go about with him. Come you

hither, sirrah ; a word in your ear, sir. I say to you, it is thought you are false knaves. 30

Bora. Sir, I say to you we are none.

Dog. Well, stand aside. 'Fore God, they are both in a tale. Have you writ down, that they are none ?

Sex. Master constable, you go not the way to examine. You must call forth the watch that are their accusers. 35

Dog. Yea, marry, that's the eftest way. Let the watch come forth. Masters, I charge you, in the Prince's name, accuse these men. 40

1. Watch. This man said, sir, that Don John, the Prince's brother, was a villain.

Dog. Write down Prince John a villain. Why, this is flat perjury, to call a prince's brother villain.

Bora. Master constable, — 45

Dog. Pray thee, fellow, peace. I do not like thy look, I promise thee.

Sex. What heard you him say else ?

2. Watch. Marry, that he had received a thousand ducats of Don John for accusing the Lady Hero wrongfully. 50

Dog. Flat burglary as ever was committed.

Verg. Yea, by mass, that it is.

Sex. What else, fellow ?

1. Watch. And that Count Claudio did mean, upon his words, to disgrace Hero before the whole assembly, and not marry her. 55

Dog. O villain! thou wilt be condemn'd into everlasting redemption for this.

Sex. What else? 60

1. Watch. This is all.

Sex. And this is more, masters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning secretly stolen away. Hero was in this manner accus'd, in this very manner refus'd, and upon the grief of this suddenly died. Master constable, let these men be bound, and brought to Leonato's. I will go before and show him their examination. 65

[*Exit.*]

Dog. Come, let them be opinion'd.

Verg. Let them be in the hands — 70

[*Con.*] Off, coxcomb!

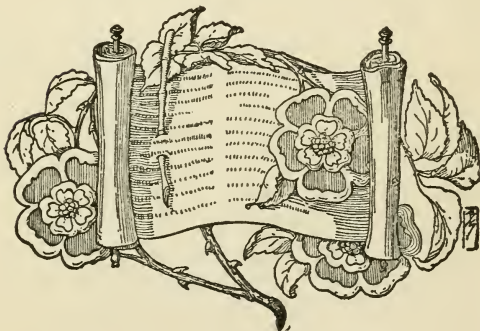
Dog. God's my life, where's the sexton? Let him write down the Prince's officer coxcomb. Come, bind them. Thou naughty varlet!

Con. Away! you are an ass, you are an ass. 75

Dog. Dost thou not suspect my place? Dost thou not suspect my years? O that he were here to write me down an ass! But, masters, remember that I am an ass; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an ass. No, thou villain, thou art full of piety, as shall be prov'd upon thee by good witness. I am a wise fellow, and, which is more, an officer, and which is more, a householder, and, 80

which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as 85
any is in Messina, and one that knows the
law, go to ; and a rich fellow enough, go to ;
and a fellow that hath had losses, and one that
hath two gowns and every thing handsome
about him. Bring him away. O that I had 90
been writ down an ass !

Exeunt.



ACT FIFTH

SCENE I

[*Before Leonato's house.*]

Enter Leonato and Antonio.

Ant. If you go on thus, you will kill yourself ;
And 'tis not wisdom thus to second grief
Against yourself.

Leon. I pray thee, cease thy counsel,
Which falls into mine ears as profitless
As water in a sieve. Give not me counsel ; 5
Nor let no comforter delight mine ear
But such a one whose wrongs do suit with mine.
Bring me a father that so lov'd his child,
Whose joy of her is overwhelm'd like mine,
And bid him speak of patience ; 10
Measure his woe the length and breadth of mine,
And let it answer every strain for strain,
As thus for thus, and such a grief for such,
In every lineament, branch, shape, and form ;
If such a one will smile and stroke his beard, 15
Bid sorrow wag, cry "hem !" when he should
groan,
Patch grief with proverbs, make misfortune drunk

With candle-wasters, bring him yet to me,
And I of him will gather patience.

But there is no such man ; for, brother, men 20

Can counsel and speak comfort to that grief
Which they themselves not feel ; but, tasting it,

Their counsel turns to passion, which before
Would give preceptial medicine to rage,

Fetter strong madness in a silken thread, 25

Charm ache with air and agony with words.

No, no ; 'tis all men's office to speak patience

To those that wring under the load of sorrow,

But no man's virtue nor sufficiency

To be so moral when he shall endure 30

The like himself. Therefore give me no counsel ;

My griefs cry louder than advertisement.

Ant. Therein do men from children nothing differ.

Leon. I pray thee, peace. I will be flesh and blood ;

For there was never yet philosopher 35

That could endure the toothache patiently,

However they have writ the style of gods

And made a push at chance and sufferance.

Ant. Yet bend not all the harm upon yourself ;

Make those that do offend you suffer too. 40

Leon. There thou speak'st reason. Nay, I will do

so.

My soul doth tell me Hero is belied ;

And that shall Claudio know ; so shall the Prince

And all of them that thus dishonour her.

Enter Don Pedro and Claudio.

Ant. Here comes the Prince and Claudio hastily. 45

D. Pedro. Good den, good den.

Claud. Good day to both of you.

Leon. Hear you, my lords, —

D. Pedro. We have some haste, Leonato.

Leon. Some haste, my lord! Well, fare you well, my lord.

Are you so hasty now! Well, all is one.

D. Pedro. Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man.

Ant. If he could right himself with quarrelling, 51

Some of us would lie low.

Claud. Who wrongs him?

Leon. Marry, thou dost wrong me; thou dissembler, thou, —

Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy sword;

I fear thee not.

Claud. Marry, beshrew my hand, 55

If it should give your age such cause of fear.

In faith, my hand meant nothing to my sword.

Leon. Tush, tush, man; never flear and jest at me.

I speak not like a dotard nor a fool,

As under privilege of age to brag 60

What I have done being young, or what would do

Were I not old. Know, Claudio, to thy head,

Thou hast so wrong'd mine innocent child and me

That I am forc'd to lay my reverence by

And, with grey hairs and bruise of many days, 65
Do challenge thee to trial of a man.

I say thou hast belied mine innocent child !

Thy slander hath gone through and through her
heart,

And she lies buried with her ancestors,

O, in a tomb where never scandal slept, 70

Save this of hers, fram'd by thy villainy !

Claud. My villainy ?

Leon. Thine, Claudio ; thine, I say.

D. Pedro. You say not right, old man.

Leon. My lord, my lord,

I'll prove it on his body, if he dare,

Despite his nice fence and his active practice, 75

His May of youth and bloom of lustihood.

Claud. Away ! I will not have to do with you.

Leon. Canst thou so daff me ? Thou hast kill'd my
child.

If thou kill'st me, boy, thou shalt kill a man.

Ant. He shall kill two of us, and men indeed. 80

But that's no matter ; let him kill one first.

Win me and wear me ; let him answer me.

Come, follow me, boy ; come, sir boy, come, fol-
low me.

Sir boy, I'll whip you from your foining fence ;

Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will. 85

Leon. Brother, —

Ant. Content yourself. God knows I lov'd my niece ;

And she is dead, slander'd to death by villains,
 That dare as well answer a man indeed
 As I dare take a serpent by the tongue. 90
 Boys, apes, braggarts, Jacks, milksops !

Leon. Brother Antony, —

Ant. Hold you content. What, man ! I know them,
 yea,

And what they weigh, even to the utmost
 scruple, —

Scambling, out-facing, fashion-monging boys,
 That lie and cog and flout, deprave and slander, 95
 Go anticly and show outward hideousness,
 And speak off half a dozen dangerous words,
 How they might hurt their enemies, if they durst ;
 And this is all.

Leon. But, brother Antony, —

Ant. Come, 'tis no matter.

Do not you meddle ; let me deal in this. 101

D. Pedro. Gentlemen both, we will not wake your
 patience.

My heart is sorry for your daughter's death ;
 But, on my honour, she was charg'd with nothing
 But what was true and very full of proof. 105

Leon. My lord, my lord, —

D. Pedro. I will not hear you.

Leon. No ? Come, brother, away ! I will be heard.

Ant. And shall, or some of us will smart for it.

Exeunt Leonato and Antonio.

Enter Benedick.

D. Pedro. See, see; here comes the man we went to seek. 1

Claud. Now, signior, what news?

Bene. Good day, my lord.

D. Pedro. Welcome, signior. You are almost come to part almost a fray.

Claud. We had like to have had our two noses snapp'd off with two old men without teeth. 11

D. Pedro. Leonato and his brother. What think'st thou? Had we fought, I doubt we should have been too young for them.

Bene. In a false quarrel there is no true valour. I came to seek you both. 15

Claud. We have been up and down to seek thee; for we are high-proof melancholy and would fain have it beaten away. Wilt thou use thy wit?

Bene. It is in my scabbard; shall I draw it? 19

D. Pedro. Dost thou wear thy wit by thy side?

Claud. Never any did so, though very many have been beside their wit. I will bid thee draw, as we do the minstrels; draw, to pleasure us.

D. Pedro. As I am an honest man, he looks pale. Art thou sick, or angry? 19

Claud. What, courage, man! What though care kill'd a cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care.

ene. Sir, I shall meet your wit in the career, 135
 an you charge it against me. I pray you
 choose another subject.

laud. Nay, then, give him another staff. This
 last was broke across.

l. Pedro. By this light, he changes more and 140
 more. I think he be angry indeed.

laud. If he be, he knows how to turn his
 girdle.

ene. Shall I speak a word in your ear?

laud. God bless me from a challenge! 145

ene. [*Aside to Claudio.*] You are a villain! I
 jest not. I will make it good how you dare,
 with what you dare, and when you dare. Do
 me right, or I will protest your cowardice. You
 have kill'd a sweet lady, and her death shall 150
 fall heavy on you. Let me hear from you.

laud. Well, I will meet you, so I may have
 good cheer.

l. Pedro. What, a feast, a feast?

laud. I' faith, I thank him. He hath bid me 155
 to a calf's head and a capon; the which if I
 do not carve most curiously, say my knife's
 naught. Shall I not find a woodcock too?

ene. Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes easily.

l. Pedro. I'll tell thee how Beatrice prais'd 160
 thy wit the other day. I said, thou hadst
 a fine wit. "True," said she, "a fine little

one." "No," said I, "a great wit."
"Right," says she, "a great gross one."
"Nay," said I, "a good wit." "Just," said 16
she, "it hurts nobody." "Nay," said I, "the
gentleman is wise." "Certain," said she, "a
wise gentleman." "Nay," said I, "he hath
the tongues." "That I believe," said she,
"for he swore a thing to me on Monday night,
which he forswore on Tuesday morning. There's 17
a double tongue; there's two tongues." Thus
did she, an hour together, trans-shape thy par-
ticular virtues; yet at last she concluded with
a sigh, thou wast the properest man in Italy.

Claud. For the which she wept heartily and 17.
said she car'd not.

D. Pedro. Yea, that she did; but yet, for all
that, an if she did not hate him deadly, she
would love him dearly. The old man's
daughter told us all. 180

Claud. All, all; and, moreover, God saw him
when he was hid in the garden.

D. Pedro. But when shall we set the savage
bull's horns on the sensible Benedick's head?

Claud. Yea, and text underneath, "Here dwells 185
Benedick the married man"?

Bene. Fare you well, boy; you know my mind.
I will leave you now to your gossip-like
humour. You break jests as braggarts do

their blades, which, God be thanked, hurt not. 190
 My lord, for your many courtesies I thank you.
 I must discontinue your company. Your
 brother the bastard is fled from Messina. You
 have among you kill'd a sweet and innocent
 lady. For my Lord Lackbeard there, he and 195
 I shall meet ; and, till then, peace be with him.

[*Exit.*]

1. *Pedro.* He is in earnest.

Ulad. In most profound earnest ; and, I'll war-
 rant you, for the love of Beatrice.

2. *Pedro.* And hath challeng'd thee ? 200

Ulad. Most sincerely.

3. *Pedro.* What a pretty thing man is when he
 goes in his doublet and hose and leaves off
 his wit !

*Enter Constables [Dogberry, Verges, and the Watch,
 with] Conrade and Borachio.*

Ulad. He is then a giant to an ape ; but then 205
 is an ape a doctor to such a man.

4. *Pedro.* But, soft you, let me be. Pluck up,
 my heart, and be sad. Did he not say, my
 brother was fled ?

Dog. Come you, sir. If justice cannot tame you, 210
 she shall ne'er weigh more reasons in her bal-
 ance. Nay, an you be a cursing hypocrite
 once, you must be look'd to.

D. Pedro. How now? Two of my brother's men bound! Borachio one! 215

Claud. Hearken after their offence, my lord.

D. Pedro. Officers, what offence have these men done?

Dog. Marry, sir, they have committed false report; moreover, they have spoken untruths; secondarily, they are slanders; sixth and lastly, they have belied a lady; thirdly, they have verified unjust things; and, to conclude, they are lying knaves. 220

D. Pedro. First, I ask thee what they have done; 225
thirdly, I ask thee what's their offence; sixth and lastly, why they are committed; and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge.

Claud. Rightly reasoned, and in his own division; and, by my troth, there's one meaning well suited. 230

D. Pedro. Who have you offended, masters, that you are thus bound to your answer? This learned constable is too cunning to be understood. What's your offence? 235

Bora. Sweet Prince, let me go no farther to mine answer. Do you hear me, and let this count kill me. I have deceived even your very eyes. What your wisdoms could not discover, these shallow fools have brought to light, who 240
in the night overheard me confessing to this

man how Don John your brother incensed me to slander the Lady Hero, how you were brought into the orchard and saw me court Margaret in Hero's garments, how you disgrac'd her, when you should marry her. My villainy they have upon record; which I had rather seal with my death than repeat over to my shame. The lady is dead upon mine and my master's false accusation; and, briefly, I desire nothing but the reward of a villain. 245 250

D. Pedro. Runs not this speech like iron through your blood?

Claud. I have drunk poison while he uttered it.

D. Pedro. But did my brother set thee on to this?

Bora. Yea, and paid me richly for the practice of it. 255

D. Pedro. He is compos'd and fram'd of treachery,
And fled he is upon this villainy.

Claud. Sweet Hero! now thy image doth appear
In the rare semblance that I lov'd it first. 260

Dog. Come, bring away the plaintiffs. By this time our sexton hath reformed Signior Leonato of the matter; and, masters, do not forget to specify, when time and place shall serve, that I am an ass. 265

Verg. Here, here comes master Signior Leonato, and the sexton too.

Re-enter Leonato and Antonio, with the Sexton.

Leon. Which is the villain? Let me see his eyes,
That, when I note another man like him, 27
I may avoid him. Which of these is he?

Bora. If you would know your wronger, look on me

Leon. Art thou the slave that with thy breath has
kill'd

Mine innocent child?

Bora. Yea, even I alone.

Leon. No, not so, villain; thou beliest thyself. 27

Here stand a pair of honourable men,

A third is fled, that had a hand in it.

I thank you, princes, for my daughter's death.

Record it with your high and worthy deeds.

'Twas bravely done, if you bethink you of it. 28

Claud. I know not how to pray your patience;

Yet I must speak. Choose your revenge yourself;

Impose me to what penance your invention

Can lay upon my sin; yet sinn'd I not

But in mistaking.

D. Pedro. By my soul, nor I; 28

And yet, to satisfy this good old man,

I would bend under any heavy weight

That he'll enjoin me to.

Leon. I cannot bid you bid my daughter live, —

That were impossible; but, I pray you both, 29

Possess the people in Messina here

How innocent she died ; and if your love
 Can labour ought in sad invention,
 Hang her an epitaph upon her tomb
 And sing it to her bones, sing it to-night. 295
 To-morrow morning come you to my house,
 And since you could not be my son-in-law,
 Be yet my nephew. My brother hath a daughter,
 Almost the copy of my child that's dead,
 And she alone is heir to both of us. 300
 Give her the right you should have given her
 cousin,
 And so dies my revenge.

laud. O noble sir,
 Your over-kindness doth wring tears from me !
 I do embrace your offer ; and dispose
 For henceforth of poor Claudio. 305

leon. To-morrow then I will expect your coming ;
 To-night I take my leave. This naughty man
 Shall face to face be brought to Margaret,
 Who I believe was pack'd in all this wrong,
 Hir'd to it by your brother.

lor. No, by my soul, she was not,
 Nor knew not what she did when she spoke to
 me, 311
 But always hath been just and virtuous
 In any thing that I do know by her.

log. Moreover, sir, which indeed is not under
 white and black, this plaintiff here, the of- 315

fender, did call me ass. I beseech you, let it be rememb'ed in his punishment. And also, the watch heard them talk of one Deformed. They say he wears a key in his ear and a lock hanging by it, and borrows money in God's name, the which he hath used so long and never paid that now men grow hard-hearted and will lend nothing for God's sake. Pray you, examine him upon that point. 320

Leon. I thank thee for thy care and honest pains.

Dog. Your worship speaks like a most thankful and reverend youth, and I praise God for you. 325

Leon. There's for thy pains.

Dog. God save the foundation!

Leon. Go, I discharge thee of thy prisoner, and I thank thee. 330

Dog. I leave an arrant knave with your worship; which I beseech your worship to correct yourself, for the example of others. God keep your worship! I wish your worship well. God restore you to health! I humbly give you leave to depart; and if a merry meeting may be wish'd, God prohibit it! Come, neighbour. 335

Exeunt [Dogberry and Verges].

Leon. Until to-morrow morning, lords, farewell.

Ant. Farewell, my lords. We look for you to-morrow.

D. Pedro. We will not fail.

Claud. To-night I'll mourn with Hero.

Leon. [*To the Watch.*] Bring you these fellows on.
 We'll talk with Margaret, 341
 How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow.
Exeunt [severally].

SCENE II

[*Leonato's garden.*]

Enter Benedick and Margaret [meeting].

Bene. Pray thee, sweet Mistress Margaret, deserve well at my hands by helping me to the speech of Beatrice.

Marg. Will you then write me a sonnet in praise of my beauty? 5

Bene. In so high a style, Margaret, that no man living shall come over it; for, in most comely truth, thou deservest it.

Marg. To have no man come over me! Why, shall I always keep below stairs? 10

Bene. Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound's mouth; it catches.

Marg. And yours as blunt as the fencer's foils, which hit, but hurt not.

Bene. A most manly wit, Margaret; it will not hurt a woman. And so, I pray thee, call Beatrice; I give thee the bucklers. 15

Marg. Give us the swords; we have bucklers of our own.

Bene. If you use them, Margaret, you must put
 in the pikes with a vice ; and they are danger- 20
 ous weapons for maids.

Marg. Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who I think
 hath legs. *Exit Margaret.*

Bene. And therefore will come. 25

Sings.] The god of love,
 That sits above,
 And knows me, and knows me,
 How pitiful I deserve, —
 I mean in singing ; but in loving, Leander the 30
 good swimmer, Troilus the first employer of
 panders, and a whole bookful of these quon-
 dam carpet-mongers, whose names yet run
 smoothly in the even road of a blank verse,
 why, they were never so truly turn'd over and
 over as my poor self in love. Marry, I cannot 35
 show it in rhyme. I have tried. I can find
 out no rhyme to "lady" but "baby," an in-
 nocent rhyme ; for "scorn," "horn," a hard
 rhyme ; for "school," "fool," a babbling
 rhyme ; very ominous endings. No, I was
 not born under a rhyming planet, nor I can- 40
 not woo in festival terms.

Enter Beatrice.

Sweet Beatrice, wouldst thou come when I
 call'd thee ?

Beat. Yea, signior, and depart when you bid me.

Bene. O, stay but till then ! 45

Beat. "Then" is spoken ; fare you well now.

And yet, ere I go, let me go with that I came for ; which is, with knowing what hath pass'd between you and Claudio.

Bene. Only foul words ; and thereupon I will kiss thee. 50

Beat. Foul words is but foul wind, and foul wind is but foul breath, and foul breath is noisome ; therefore I will depart unkiss'd. —

Bene. Thou hast frighted the word out of his right sense, so forcible is thy wit. But I must tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my challenge ; and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward. And, I pray thee now, tell me for which of my bad parts didst thou first fall in love with me ? 55 60

Beat. For them all together, which maintained so politic a state of evil that they will not admit any good part to intermingle with them. But for which of my good parts did you first suffer love for me ? 65

Bene. Suffer love ! a' good epithet ! I do suffer love indeed, for I love thee against my will.

Beat. In spite of your heart, I think ; alas, poor heart ! If you spite it for my sake, I will spite it for yours ; for I will never love that which my friend hates. 70

Bene. Thou and I are too wise to woo peace-ably.

Beat. It appears not in this confession. There's 75
not one wise man among twenty that will praise himself.

Bene. An old, an old instance, Beatrice, that liv'd 80
in the time of good neighbours. If a man do not erect in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he shall live no longer in monument than the bell rings and the widow weeps.

Beat. And how long is that, think you?

Bene. Question. Why, an hour in clamour and 85
a quarter in rheum; therefore is it most expedient for the wise, if Don Worm, his conscience, find no impediment to the contrary, to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myself. So much for praising myself, who, I myself will bear witness, is praiseworthy. 90
And now tell me, how doth your cousin?

Beat. Very ill.

Bene. And how do you?

Beat. Very ill too.

Bene. Serve God, love me, and mend. There will 95
I leave you too, for here comes one in haste

Enter Ursula.

Urs. Madam, you must come to your uncle.
Yonder's old coil at home. It is proved my

Lady Hero hath been falsely accus'd, the
 Prince and Claudio mightily abus'd ; and Don 100
 John is the author of all, who is fled and gone.
 Will you come presently ?

Beat. Will you go hear this news, signior ?

Bene. I will live in thy heart, die in thy lap, and
 be buried in thy eyes ; and moreover I will go 105
 with thee to thy uncle's. *Exeunt.*

SCENE III

[*A church.*]

Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and three or four with tapers.

Claud. Is this the monument of Leonato ?

A Lord. It is, my lord.

Claud. [*Reading out of a scroll.*]

EPITAPH

“Done to death by slanderous tongues

Was the Hero that here lies.

Death, in guerdon of her wrongs, 5

Gives her fame which never dies.

So the life that died with shame

Lives in death with glorious fame.”

Hang thou there upon the tomb,

Praising her when I am dumb. 10

Now, music, sound, and sing your solemn hymn.

SONG

"Pardon, goddess of the night,
 Those that slew thy virgin knight ;
 For the which, with songs of woe,
 Round about her tomb they go. 15
 Midnight, assist our moan ;
 Help us to sigh and groan,
 Heavily, heavily.
 Graves, yawn and yield your dead,
 Till death be uttered, 20
 Heavily, heavily."

[*Claud.*] Now, unto thy bones good night !
 Yearly will I do this rite.

D. Pedro. Good morrow, masters ; put your torches
 out.

The wolves have prey'd ; and look, the gentle
 day, 25

Before the wheels of Phœbus, round about
 Dapples the drowsy east with spots of grey.

Thanks to you all, and leave us. Fare you well.

Claud. Good morrow, masters. Each his several way.

D. Pedro. Come, let us hence, and put on other weeds ;
 And then to Leonato's we will go. 31

Claud. And Hymen now with luckier issue speed 's
 Than this for whom we rend'red up this woe.

Exeunt.

SCENE IV

[A room in Leonato's house.]

Enter Leonato, old man [Antonio], Benedick, [Beatrice] Margaret, Ursula, Friar Francis, and Hero.

Friar. Did I not tell you she was innocent?

Leon. So are the Prince and Claudio, who accus'd her
Upon the error that you heard debated.
But Margaret was in some fault for this,
Although against her will, as it appears 5
In the true course of all the question.

Ant. Well, I am glad that all things sort so well.

Bene. And so am I, being else by faith enforc'd
To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.

Leon. Well, daughter, and you gentlewomen all, 10
Withdraw into a chamber by yourselves,
And when I send for you, come hither mask'd.
The Prince and Claudio promis'd by this hour
To visit me. You know your office, brother.
You must be father to your brother's daughter, 15
And give her to young Claudio. *Exeunt Ladies.*

Ant. Which I will do with confirm'd countenance.

Bene. Friar, I must entreat your pains, I think.

Friar. To do what, signior?

Bene. To bind me, or undo me; one of them. 20
Signior Leonato, truth it is, good signior,
Your niece regards me with an eye of favour.

Leon. That eye my daughter lent her ; 'tis most true.

Bene. And I do with an eye of love requite her.

Leon. The sight whereof I think you had from me, 25
From Claudio, and the Prince. But what's your
will ?

Bene. Your answer, sir, is enigmatical ;
But, for my will, my will is your good will
May stand with ours, this day to be conjoin'd
In the state of honourable marriage ; 30
In which, good friar, I shall desire your help.

Leon. My heart is with your liking.

Friar. And my help.
Here comes the Prince and Claudio.

Enter Don Pedro and Claudio, and two or three other.

D. Pedro. Good morrow to this fair assembly.

Leon. Good morrow, Prince ; good morrow, Claudio ;
We here attend you. Are you yet determin'd 36
To-day to marry with my brother's daughter ?

Claud. I'll hold my mind, were she an Ethiope.

Leon. Call her forth, brother ; here's the friar ready.
[*Exit Antonio.*]

D. Pedro. Good morrow, Benedick. Why, what's the
matter, 40

That you have such a February face,
So full of frost, of storm and cloudiness ?

Claud. I think he thinks upon the savage bull.
Tush, fear not, man ; we'll tip thy horns with gold

And all Europa shall rejoice at thee, 45
 As once Europa did at lusty Jove,
 When he would play the noble beast in love.

Bene. Bull Jove, sir, had an amiable low ;
 And some such strange bull leap'd your father's
 cow,

And got a calf in that same noble feat 50
 Much like to you, for you have just his bleat.

Re-enter Antonio, with the Ladies [masked].

Claud. For this I owe you : here comes other reckon-
 ings.

Which is the lady I must seize upon ?

Ant. This same is she, and I do give you her.

Claud. Why, then she's mine. Sweet, let me see your
 face. 55

Leon. No, that you shall not, till you take her hand
 Before this friar and swear to marry her.

Claud. Give me your hand. Before this holy friar
 I am your husband, if you like of me.

Hero. And when I liv'd, I was your other wife ; 60
 [*Unmasking.*]

And when you lov'd, you were my other husband.

Claud. Another Hero !

Hero. Nothing certainer.

One Hero died defil'd, but I do live ;

And surely as I live, I am a maid.

D. Pedro. The former Hero ! Hero that is dead ! 65

Leon. She died, my lord, but whiles her slander liv'd.

Friar. All this amazement can I qualify ;

When after that the holy rites are ended,

I'll tell you largely of fair Hero's death.

Meantime let wonder seem familiar,

70

And to the chapel let us presently.

Bene. Soft and fair, friar. Which is Beatrice ?

Beat. [*Unmasking.*] I answer to that name. What
is your will ?

Bene. Do not you love me ?

Beat. Why, no ; no more than reason.

Bene. Why, then your uncle and the Prince and Claudio
Have been deceived. They swore you did. 76

Beat. Do not you love me ?

Bene. Troth, no ; no more than reason.

Beat. Why, then my cousin, Margaret, and Ursula
Are much deceiv'd, for they did swear you did.

Bene. They swore that you were almost sick for me. 80

Beat. They swore that you were well-nigh dead for
me.

Bene. 'Tis no such matter. Then you do not love
me ?

Beat. No, truly, but in friendly recompense.

Leon. Come, cousin, I am sure you love the gentleman.

Claud. And I'll be sworn upon't that he loves her ; 85

For here's a paper written in his hand,

A halting sonnet of his own pure brain,

Fashion'd to Beatrice.

- Hero.* And here's another
Writ in my cousin's hand, stolen from her pocket,
Containing her affection unto Benedick. 90
- Bene.* A miracle! here's our own hands against
our hearts. Come, I will have thee; but, by
this light, I take thee for pity.
- Beat.* I would not deny you; but, by this good
day, I yield upon great persuasion; and 95
partly to save your life, for I was told you were
in a consumption.
- [*Bene.*] Peace! I will stop your mouth.
[*Kissing her.*]
- D. Pedro.* How dost thou, Benedick, the married
man? 100
- Bene.* I'll tell thee what, Prince; a college of
wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my hu-
mour. Dost thou think I care for a satire or
an epigram? No; if a man will be beaten
with brains, 'a shall wear nothing handsome 105
about him. In brief, since I do purpose to
marry, I will think nothing to any purpose that
the world can say against it; and therefore never
flout at me for what I have said against it, for
man is a giddy thing, and this is my conclusion. 110
For thy part, Claudio, I did think to have
beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be
my kinsman, live unbruised and love my cousin.
- Claud.* I had well hop'd thou wouldst have denied

Beatrice, that I might have cudgell'd thee out 115
of thy single life, to make thee a double-dealer ;
which, out of question, thou wilt be, if my
cousin do not look exceeding narrowly to thee.

Bene. Come, come, we are friends. Let's have 120
a dance ere we are married, that we may
lighten our own hearts and our wives' heels.

Leon. We'll have dancing afterward.

Bene. First, of my word ; therefore play, music.
Prince, thou art sad ; get thee a wife, get thee
a wife. There is no staff more reverend than 125
one tipp'd with horn.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, your brother John is ta'en in flight,
And brought with armed men back to Messina.

Bene. Think not on him till to-morrow. I'll de-
vise thee brave punishments for him. Strike 130
up, pipers. *Dance.* [*Exeunt.*]

Notes

There is no indication of act or scene in the Quarto. The Folio divides the play into acts, but indicates only Scene i of the first act. Spedding's suggestions for a different arrangement of acts from that in the Folio are regarded with some favor by Furness, *Variorum Edition*, pp. 45, 363.

Act First. Scene i. Both in the Quarto and the Folio the stage-direction reads *Enter Leonato Governour of Messina, Innogen his wife, Hero his daughter*, etc., but Innogen is assigned no speech in the play, nor is she again referred to save at the beginning of Act II. *Enter Leonato, his brother, his wife*, etc. See *Introduction*.

I. i. 18. This uncle is not mentioned again.

I. i. 30. **Mountanto.** A name probably derived from a fencing term, meaning an upward stroke or thrust.

I. i. 39. Beatrice invents an absurd situation: that Benedick, the professed scorner of the fair sex, placarded a public challenge to Cupid at archery, and that the court jester, taking Cupid's part, challenged Benedick to a match with the blunt arrows used in shooting birds, — harmless missiles safely entrusted to fools. Cf. the proverb "A fool's bolt is soon shot."

I. i. 58. **stuff'd man.** A man of straw. — we are all mortal. No one of us is perfect.

I. i. 93. **run mad.** You will never "catch the Benedick."

I. i. 103. **your charge.** The trouble of entertaining us.

I. i. 139. **you are a rare parrot-teacher.** You talk as foolishly as a person teaching a parrot how to speak.

I. i. 184. Are you in jest, ready to say that blind Cupid is good at spying hares, and that the blacksmith Vulcan is expert as a carpenter?

I. i. 200. **with suspicion.** An allusion to the horns which were supposed to grow on the heads of men whose wives were unfaithful to them.

I. i. 204. **sigh away Sundays.** Spend your one leisure day — when you can't get away from your wife — in discomfort.

I. i. 236. By despising beauty, you are a heretic to the general belief in the power of beauty.

I. i. 253. Sighing was supposed to draw blood from the heart.

I. i. 259. A "bottle" of wood or of wicker is here referred to.

I. i. 261. Possibly a reference to Adam Bell, the famous archer.

I. i. 263. "In time the Bull is brought to weare the yoake." Watson, *Ecatompathia*, ed. Arber, p. 83.

I. i. 274. Venice had the reputation of being a dissolute city.

I. i. 281. I am almost clever enough to do this.

I. i. 319. The best thing you can do for a man is to minister to his necessity.

I. ii. 15. "For Occasion (as it is in the common verse) turneth a bald noddle, after she hath presented her locks in front, and no hold taken." (Bacon, Essay XXI.)

I. iii. 12. born under Saturn. The influence of this planet at one's nativity was supposed to produce a gloomy and melancholy disposition.

I. iii. 61. Fumigation with juniper or some other plant giving pungent smoke was common in Shakespeare's day.

II. i. 4. The acid looks of Don John are enough to give me indigestion.

II. i. 10. eldest son. The spoiled child.

II. i. 33. in the woollen. Between blankets without the sheets.

II. i. 42. Old maids were supposedly doomed to lead apes in hell. A "bear-ward," or keeper of bears, seems often to have had apes in his charge at the same time. *Bear-ward* is the antecedent of *his* in l. 43.

II. i. 84. You have a very quick intelligence.

II. i. 99. This speech by Don Pedro and the two following form a seven-stress couplet, — the measure of Golding's translation of Ovid, where the story of Baucis and Philemon, who entertained Jove, may be found.

II. i. 104, ff. Both the Quarto and the Folio indicate Benedick as carrying on this conversation with Margaret, but Theobald's conjecture that Balthazar is the speaker is generally adopted to-day.

II. i. 122. so ill-well. "So successfully imitating a defect." (W. A. Wright.)

II. i. 135. **Hundred Merry Tales.** A coarse, but apparently popular jest-book.

II. i. 194. The willow is emblematic of disappointed love.

II. i. 216. It is the mean, though openly ironical temper

of Beatrice which makes her report inaccurately the things which people say.

II. i. 241. If it actually turns out so, you will have given evidence of honorable intentions.

II. i. 253. impossible conveyance. Incredible adroitness.

II. i. 264. A learned man would have at his command the proper formulas for quieting such a disturbing spirit. Cf. *Hamlet* I. i. 42, "Thou art a scholar; speak to it, Horatio."

II. i. 276. Prester John. An imaginary sovereign ruling in the far East. "This *Presbiter Iohn*, is without doubt to be reckoned among the greatest Monarchies of our age, as he, whose dominions stretcheth between the Tropikes, from the red sea, almost to the *Aethiopike Ocean*." (Batman upon Bartholomew.)

II. i. 277. the great Cham. The ruler of the Mongols.

II. i. 327. the windy side of care. At sea, a vessel which keeps on the windward side of an adversary has the advantage.

II. i. 330. goes . . . to the world. Does not lead a secluded life, like a virgin or a nun, — gets married.

II. ii. 45. hear Margaret term me Claudio. Theobald altered *Claudio* to *Borachio*, a change adopted by various editors and critics, but the general opinion at the present day seems in favor of retaining the older reading. "The text must be right, for it was necessary to the plot to make it appear that Hero was endeavoring to conceal her intrigue with *Borachio*." (W. A. Wright.) How far Margaret was innocent in her share of the scene at the window is as difficult to answer as why she did not ex-

culpate Hero in the church scene. These inconsistencies are not observed in the rapid action of the piece on the stage, and are not of real consequence in the criticism of the play.

II. ii. 49. **jealousy shall be call'd assurance.** Suspicion will seem certainty.

II. iii. 35. The noble was worth 6s. 8d.; the angel 10s.

II. iii. 44. We'll give this cub-fox his money's worth.

II. iii. 59. Note . . . **nothing.** The *o* in *nothing* was long in Elizabethan English, and *th* here, as in certain other words, seems to have been pronounced like *t*. Hence the word-play.

II. iii. 176. **daffed . . . respects.** Rejected all other considerations.

III. i. 61. **spell him backward.** Turn his good qualities into defects. Witches were believed to say their prayers backwards.

III. i. 65. **agate.** Small figures were cut in agates, cf. *Romeo and Juliet*, I. iv. 55. Queen Mab comes "in shape no bigger than [in] an agate-stone."

III. i. 84. **honest slanders.** Accusations which do not affect her honor.

III. i. 101. Hero, pretending to misunderstand Ursula, says "every day," *i.e.* for all time, then adds seriously, "to-morrow."

III. i. 110. A person who is contemptuous and proud is never well spoken of when his back is turned.

III. i. 116. I am readier to take it as fact than merely in gossip. — Benedick's virtues now appear to Beatrice in a more favorable light.

III. ii. 21. "You had best be troubled with the tooth-ache too,

For lovers ever are."

(Beaumont and Fletcher: *The False One*, II. iii.)

III. ii. 27. a humour or a worm. Furness quotes Batman upon Bartholomew, Book V, *Of the Teeth*: "The cause of such aking is humours that come downe from the head, eyther up from the stomacke . . . either els by sharp humours. . . . Also sometime teeth be pearced with holes & sometime by worms they be changed into yelow colour, greene, or black."

III. ii. 56. wash his face. Use a lotion for his complexion.

III. ii. 70. Since love for Benedick will have killed her, she shall not be buried face down, like a suicide.

III. iii. 133. I know that Deformed. A contemporary allusion may possibly lurk behind this jest. Attempts to explain it have, however, been unsuccessful. It may well be merely a piece of rustic stupidity. Cf. also, III. iii. 182, 185; V. i. 318.

III. iii. 144. god Bel's priests. Probably illustrating the story of Bel and the Dragon in the Apocrypha.

III. iii. 183. a lock. A love-lock, affected by young men of fashion. "Will you bee Frencheified with a loue-lock downe to your shoulders, wherein you may wear your mistresse favour?" (Greene: *Quippe for an Vpstart Courtier*.) Dogberry misunderstands the meaning; cf. V. i. 319.

III. iii. 192. a commodity in question. "A doubtful bargain, with a quibble on the meaning 'under examination.'" (J. C. Smith.)

III. iv. 13. **the new tire within.** The inner part of the new headdress, adorned with false hair.

III. iv. 20. **Down sleeves** were fitted rather closely to the arm and extended to the wrist; **side sleeves** (literally *long sleeves*) hung from the shoulder, were wide and loose, and served for ornament.

III. iv. 56. The noun "ache" was formerly pronounced as the letter H is to-day.

III. iv. 57. "Margaret here refers to the success of the trick that has been played on Beatrice, who, if she be not utterly changed in her nature, and therefore, in love, there's no sure guide on earth or in the heavens." (Furness.)

III. iv. 68. **professed apprehension.** Claimed to be clever.

III. v. 18. **Palabras.** Possibly a blunder for Spanish *pocos palabras*, "few words." Cf. Induction to *Taming of the Shrew*, i. 5.

III. v. 37. The proper form of the proverb is: "When ale is in, wit is out."

III. v. 67. **non-come.** *Non compos mentis*, — Dogberry's blunder for *non plus*.

IV. i. 22. Cf. Lyly's *Endymion*, "An interjection, whereof some are of mourning: as, *eho, vah!*" (III. iii. 5).

IV. i. 38. **modest evidence.** Evidence of modesty. Cf. *Twelfth Night*, I. iv. 21, "Leap all civil bounds" (bounds of civility); *Hamlet*, I. v. 21. "eternal blazon" (revelation of matters relating to eternity). The locution is a common one.

IV. i. 46. **in your own proof.** By testing her virtue yourself.

IV. i. 80. The first question in the catechism is: What is your name? Hero, in her confusion, takes the remark literally.

IV. i. 88. Why, then are you no maiden. Your denial of what we know to be true establishes your guilt.

IV. i. 140. I valued her so much that I lost sight of my own interests completely.

IV. i. 169. the tenour of my book. The result of general reading, — not the reading of any particular book.

IV. i. 227. study of imagination. Imaginative reflection.

IV. i. 268. It is not Benedick's part to avenge Hero, since he is not her kinsman.

IV. i. 285. in a happy hour. Equivalent to the phrase *à la bonne heure*. It is fortunate you have stopped me.

IV. i. 335. engag'd. Pledged to get satisfaction from Claudio.

IV. ii. 33. both in a tale. They both tell the same story. For the use of *a = one*, cf. *Romeo and Juliet*, II. iv. 219, "Doth not rosemary and Romeo begin with a letter?"

V. i. 16. Bid sorrow wag, cry "hem!" The Quarto and Folio both print *And sorrow, wagge, crie hem*. The reading is Dyce's (a slight modification of Capell's). Furness objects to the "smack of comicality" about *wag*, but the word was frequently used in highly serious moments. Cf. *Hamlet*, III. iv. 39; V. i. 290; *Titus Andronicus*, V. ii. 87.

V. i. 17. make misfortune drunk with candle-wasters. Make misfortune forgetful of unhappiness by carousing.

V. i. 24. preceptial medicine. Medicine of precepts; for this use of the adjective, cf. note, IV. i. 38.

V. i. 37. writ the style of gods. Proclaimed themselves above human infirmities.

V. i. 62. to thy head. To thy face.

V. i. 128. I will bid thee draw. As we ask the musicians to draw their instruments from their cases to give us pleasure, so I will ask you to draw your wit from its scabbard.

V. i. 142. he knows how to turn his girdle. A proverbial expression, perhaps equivalent to "If he doesn't like it, he can lump it." Cf. *Rob Roy*, Chap. XXV, "Nay, never look gash or grim at me, man, — if ye're angry ye ken how to turn the buckle o' your belt behind you."

V. i. 158. The woodcock was supposed to be deficient in brains.

V. i. 168. he hath the tongues. He has command of foreign languages.

V. i. 181. God saw him. Cf. *Genesis*, iii. 8-11.

V. i. 205. Compared to an ape, he is then like a giant in stature, but as regards wit, an ape is a wise man compared to him.

V. i. 322. lend nothing for God's sake. Halliwell-Phillipps quotes Percivale's *Dictionary* (1599): "*Pordioséros*, men that aske for God's sake, beggars."

V. i. 328. God save the foundation! In this way those who received alms from religious houses are said to have phrased their thanks.

V. ii. 7. come over it. No living man shall write a better sonnet.

V. ii. 10. keep below stairs. Remain a servant, and hence unmarried.

V. ii. 17. I give thee the bucklers. I own that you are the victor.

V. ii. 26. **The god of love, etc.** The beginning of a song by William Elderton. Both the words and the music seem to have been well known in Shakespeare's day.

V. ii. 47. **let me go with that I came.** For the omission of the preposition in relative clauses, see Abbott, *Shakespearean Grammar*, § 394. Modern idiom would here require *came for*. Cf. "As well appeareth by the cause you come [for]," *Richard II*, I. i. 26.

V. ii. 79. **in the time of good neighbours.** In the days when people were willing to admit their neighbors' virtues.

V. ii. 86. **Don Worm.** For the possible origin of the conception of conscience as a worm, cf. the Gospel of St. Mark, ix, 48.

V. ii. 98. **old coil.** Cf. Cotgrave, "to keep an old coyle, horrible bustling." For the colloquial use of *old*, cf. "Here will be an old abusing of God's patience," *Merry Wives*, I. iv. 5.

V. iii. 13. **virgin knight.** One of Diana's maidens. Cf. *Two Noble Kinsmen*, V. i. 137 ff.

V. iii. 20. **Till death be uttered.** Until the Last Judgment.

V. iv. 46. The story of Jupiter's transformation into a bull in order to abduct Europa is told in Ovid's *Metamorphoses*.

V. iv. 103-5. If a man allows himself to be disturbed by gibes, he ought not to have the effrontery to appear in fine clothes, like a self-confident person.

Textual Variants

The text in the present edition is based upon the Quarto, and the following list records the more important variants from that version.

- I. i. 1, s. d. *Enter Leonato*] Theobald; *Enter Leonato Governour of Messina, Innogen his wife* Q Ff.
 1. Pedro] Rowe; Peter Q Ff.
- II. i. 1, s. d. *Enter Leonato*] Theobald; *Enter Leonato . . . his wife* Q Ff.
 104, 107, 115. *Balth.*] Theobald; *Bene.* Q Ff.
 iii. 39, s. d. *Music*] Q; *and Iacke Wilson* Ff.
- III. ii. 28. can] Pope; cannot Q Ff.
 iii. 85. statues] F₁; statutes Q.
- IV. i. 20-21. not knowing what they do] Q; Ff *omit.*
 169. tenour] Theobald; tenure Q Ff.
 204. princes left for dead] Theobald; *princesse* (left for dead) Q Ff.
- ii. 1, s. d. *Enter . . .*] *Enter the Constables, Borachio, and the Towne Clearke in gownes* Q Ff.
 1. *Dog.*] Capell; *Keeper* Q Ff.
 2, 5, etc. *Verg.*] Capell; *Cowley* Q Ff.
 4. *Dog.*] Capell; *Andrew* Q Ff.
 10, 13, 17, etc. *Dog.*] Capell; *Ke., Kem., or Kemp.,* Q Ff.
 19-22. Ff *omit.*
 53. *Verg.*] *Const.* Q Ff.

69. *Dog.*] Rowe; *Constable* Q.
70-71. *Verg.* . . . cox comb !] Malone; *Couley*. Let
them be in the hands of Coxcombe Q.
V. i. 16. Bid] Capell; And Q Ff.
ii. 47. came for] Rowe; came Q Ff.
iii. 22. [*Claud.*] Rowe; *Lo.* Q Ff.
iv. 33. Ff *omit.*
98. *Bene.*] Thirlby *conj.*; *Leon.* Q Ff.



Glossary

- abus'd, deceived; V. ii. 100.
advertisement, admonition; V. i. 32.
affect, love; I. i. 298.
affection, desire; II. ii. 7.
agate, alluding to tiny figures cut in agates; III. i. 65.
answer, give satisfaction to; V. i. 82.
antic, a grotesque figure; III. i. 63.
apparitions, appearances; IV. i. 161.
approved, proved; IV. i. 45.
argument, theme, subject; I. i. 258; II. iii. 11.
assurance, see note, II. ii. 49.
Ate, the goddess of discord; II. i. 263.
- baldrick, a belt or girdle, upon which the bugle was hung;
I. i. 244. See note, I. i. 200.
barns, bairns, children, with a play on the usual meaning
of the word; III. iv. 49.
bear in hand, delude with false hopes; IV. i. 305.
bent, aim, inclination; IV. i. 188.
bills, pikes; III. iii. 44.
bird-bolt, a short, blunt-headed arrow, used to kill birds;
I. i. 42.
black, of dark complexion; III. i. 63.
blazon, description; II. i. 306.
block, mould on which hats are shaped; I. i. 77.
blood, temper, disposition; I. i. 131, iii. 29: passion,
II. i. 187.
board, accost; II. i. 149.
brave, fine; V. iv. 130.

- break, disclose a matter; I. i. 328: cf. break with, I. i. 311.
- breathing, delay; II. i. 378.
- bring, escort; III. ii. 3.
- burden, bass; III. iv. 45.
- candle-wasters, see note, V. i. 18.
 canker, dog-rose; I. iii. 28.
Carduus Benedictus, the "blessed thistle," a plant supposed to possess medicinal properties of a high order; III. iv. 73.
 career, a course in the lists, as at a tournament; V. i. 135.
 carpet-mongers, carpet knights; V. ii. 33.
 censured, thought of; II. iii. 233.
 charge, burden of entertainment. See note, I. i. 103; commission, duty; III. iii. 7.
 cheapen, ask the price of; II. iii. 33.
 cinque-pace, a "five-step" dance; II. i. 77.
 circumstance, circumlocution; III. ii. 105.
 civil, a play on the word *Seville*, which was frequently spelt like the adjective in Elizabethan English; II. i. 304.
 claw, tickle, flatter, gratify; I. iii. 19.
 codpiece, a part of the breeches or trunks worn by men; III. iii. 147.
 cog, cheat; V. i. 95.
 coil, tumult, confusion; III. iii. 100.
 complexion, temperament, external appearance, or color of the skin, dependent on the predominance of one of the "humors" of the body; I. i. 315. See *humour*.
 conceit, conception, idea; II. i. 308.
 confirm'd, unmoved; V. iv. 17.
 conjecture, suspicion; IV. i. 107.
 contemptible, contemptuous; II. iii. 187.
 controlment, restraint; I. iii. 21.

- convert, turn; I. i. 123.
conveyance, II. i. 253. See Note.
county, count; II. i. 195, 370.
cousin, a term applied to any relative not in the immediate family; I. ii. 26, 29.
curiously, carefully; V. i. 157.
curst, bad-tempered, shrewish; II. i. 21.
- daff, put off; V. i. 78.
dear, concerning one closely, whether for good or ill; I. i. 129.
deprave, slander, traduce; V. i. 95.
difference, a distinguishing mark in heraldry; I. i. 69.
discover, reveal; I. ii. 12; II. iii, 111; III. ii. 97.
disloyal, unfaithful, unchaste; III. ii. 107.
double-dealer, one who is unfaithful to the marriage bond; V. iv. 116.
doubt, fear; V. i. 118.
- ecstasy, madness; II. iii. 157.
eftest, quickest; IV. ii. 38.
entertain'd, given employment; I. iii. 60.
even, plain; IV. i. 266.
event, outcome; I. ii. 7.
- fancy, liking, preference, love; III. ii. 31, 32.
favour, appearance; II. i. 97.
fetch in, entrap; I. i. 225.
fine, conclusion; I. i. 247.
flee, sneer, snarl; V. i. 58.
fleet, *i.e.* company; II. i. 148.
flight, a light arrow; I. i. 40.
foining, thrusting; V. i. 84.
frame, framing, order, disposition; IV. i. 130.

- go about with, circumvent; IV. ii. 28.
- good⁷den, good evening; III. ii. 83.
- good-year, in *what the good-year!* an interjection of uncertain origin and meaning; I. iii. 1.
- guarded, trimmed; I. i. 288.
- haggard, untamed hawk; III. i. 36.
- high-proof, having withstood more than ordinary tests of quality; V. i. 123.
- hobby-horse, a ludicrous figure in the morris-dance, hence a human "jackass"; III. ii. 75.
- horn-mad, mad as a bull (with an allusion to the horns of a cuckold); I. i. 272.
- humour, one of the four fluids of the human body, according to early medical science; hence disposition, temperament; I. i. 132: caprice, I. iii. 19.
- important, importunate; II. i. 74.
- incensed, instigated; V. i. 242.
- inwardness, intimacy; IV. i. 247.
- Jacks, common fellows; V. i. 91.
- just, exactly; II. i. 28.
- kindness, natural feeling; I. i. 26.
- large, free-spoken, immodest; IV. i. 52.
- lewd, base, evil; V. i. 342.
- liberal, gross, licentious; IV. i. 93.
- like, in the guise of; II. i. 46; III. iii. 135. Cf. *Macbeth*, I. iii. 9.
- lim'd, caught as with bird-lime; III. i. 104.
- luxurious, lustful; IV. i. 42.

- March-chick**, a chicken hatched in March, hence a forward person; I. iii. 58.
- marl**, clay; II. i. 66.
- meet**, even; I. i. 47.
- misprision**, mistake; IV. i. 187.
- misuse**, mislead; II. ii. 28.
- model**, foundation; I. iii. 48.
- moe**, more; II. iii. 72.
- moral**, full of moralizing; V. i. 30.
- mortifying**, death-dealing; I. iii. 13.
- Mountanto**, see note, I. i. 30.
- non-come**, see note, III. v. 67.
- once**, once for all; I. i. 320.
- orb**, orbit; IV. i. 57.
- orchard**, garden; I. ii. 10; II. iii. 4.
- ostentation**, ceremonious observance; IV. i. 207.
- pack'd**, confederate; V. i. 309.
- palabras**, see note, III. v. 18.
- pikes**, the spikes in the center of bucklers; V. ii. 21.
- pleached**, interwoven; III. i. 7.
- pleasant**, facetious; I. i. 37.
- possess**, inform; III. iii. 166.
- practice**, stratagem, artifice, — used often in a bad sense; IV. i. 190; V. i. 255.
- present**, represent; III. iii. 79.
- presently**, immediately; I. i. 88.
- priz'd**, reputed; III. i. 90.
- prolong'd**, postponed; IV. i. 256.
- proof**, trial, see note, IV. i. 46.
- proper**, handsome, fine; I. iii. 54; II. iii. 189; IV. i.

- propose, conversation; III. i. 12.
 proposing, conversing; III. i. 3.
 protest, proclaim; V. i. 149.
 prove, try; I. iii. 75.
 push, a variant of *pish!* used as a noun; V. i. 38.
- qualify, weaken, moderate; V. iv. 67.
 queasy, squeamish; II. i. 399.
- rabato, a ruff stiffened with wire; III. iv. 6.
 rack, stretch, exaggerate; IV. i. 222.
 reheat, a series of notes on the horn; I. i. 243; see note,
 I. i. 200.
 reechy, smoky; III. iii. 143.
 remorse, pity; IV. i. 213.
 reprove, disprove; II. iii. 242.
 rheum, weeping; V. ii. 85.
- sad, serious; I. i. 185.
 sadly, seriously; II. iii. 229.
 scab, a sore, hence, a scurvy fellow; III. iii. 107.
 scrambling, fighting, scrambling; V. i. 94.
 sentences, wise sayings; II. iii. 249.
 shrewd, shrewish; II. i. 20.
 slops, large breeches; III. ii. 36.
 sort, rank; I. i. 7, 33.
 sort, turn out; IV. i. 242; V. iv. 7.
 speed's, *i.e.* speed us, give us good fortune; V. iii. 32.
 squarer, brawler; I. i. 82.
 stale, loose woman; II. ii. 26.
 still, continually; I. i. 117.
 stomach, appetite; I. i. 52, iii. 16.
 strain, stock, lineage; II. i. 394: emotion; V. i. 12.
 success, that which is to follow; IV. i. 236.

sunburnt, *i.e.* left alone in the world, "out in the cold"; or possibly, ill-favored; II. i. 331. Cf. *Troilus and Cressida*, I. iii. 282.

sure, trustworthy; I. iii. 71.

take up, get on credit (with a play on the literal meaning); III. iii. 191.

temper, mix; II. ii. 21.

temporize, come to terms with; I. i. 276.

terminations, epithets; II. i. 256.

tire, head-dress; III. iv. 13.

tuition, protection; I. i. 283.

unconfirm'd, inexperienced; III. iii. 124.

undergo, receive; V. ii. 57.

up and down, exactly; II. i. 124.

use, interest; II. i. 288.

utter, speak, pronounce; IV, i. 99; V. i. 253; see note, V. iii. 20.

vice, screw; V. ii. 21.

wag, be off, go away; V. i. 16.

warren, a place where small beasts or fowls are kept; II. i. 222.

will, desire; I. i. 239.

wit, understanding; I. ii. 18.

wring, writhe; V. i. 28.

write, pronounce, proclaim; IV. i. 56.

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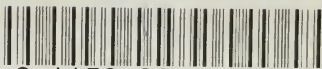
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